

CLINICAL AND TRANSLATIONAL SCIENCE INSTITUTE

Practical Approaches to NIH's New Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Updates

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Overview of Major Changes

- New Clinical Trial Definition
- 2. Reissued NIH FOAs
- 3. NIH Application Updates for Human Subject and Clinical Trial Studies
- 4. Integration with ClinicalTrials.gov





New Clinical Trial Definition

- 1. Does the study involve human subjects?
- 2. Are the participants prospectively assigned to an intervention?
- 3. Is the study designed to evaluate the effect of the intervention on the participants?
- 4. Is the effect that will be evaluated a health-related biomedical or behavioral outcome?

Yes to All? Your Study is a Clinical Trial, even if it does not involve a drug or device.

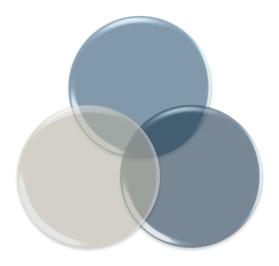
Review case studies at: https://grants.nih.gov/policy/clinical-trials/case-studies.htm





Implications

- Broader definition of clinical trials
- 2. Investigators who have not previously had research classified as CT will have to familiarize themselves with ClinicalTrials.gov requirements
- 3. Change has led to overlap between ClinicalTrials.gov requirements and NIH application forms





NIH FOA Changes

NIH grants (including parent grants) have been reissued or revised

NIH Research Project Grant (Parent R01 Clinical Trial Required)
PA-18-485

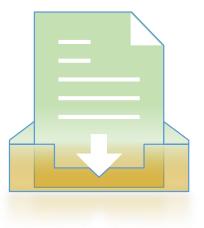
NIH Research Project Grant (Parent R01 Clinical Trial Not Allowed) PA-18-484



New Application Form

PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information Form

- 1. Changes to Existing Components
- 2. Addition of New Components
- 3. Integration with ClinicalTrials.gov





Revised Components

- 1. Protection of Human Subjects
- 2. Inclusion of Women, Minorities, and Children
 - The two documents are now combined into one
- 3. Eligibility Criteria
- 4. Statistical Design and Power
- 5. FDA-Regulated Interventions





New Components

- 1. Individual Study Titles
- 2. Conditions or Focus of the Study
- 3. Recruitment and Retention Plan
- 4. Study Timeline
- 5. Single IRB Plan
- 6. Overall Structure of the Study Team
- 7. Brief Summary
- 8. Narrative Study Description
- 9. Interventions
- 10. Outcome Measures
- 11. Dissemination Plan





UCLA CTSI PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information Form

Check Form for Errors Save			
Study Record: PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information			
* Always required field	OMB Number: 0925-0001 Expiration Date: 03/31/2020		
Section 1 - Basic Information			
1.1. * Study Title (each study title must be unique)			
1.2. * Is this Study Exempt from Federal Regulations?			
1.3. Exemption Number			
1.4. * Clinical Trial Questionnaire			
If the answers to all four questions below are yes, this study meets the definition of a Clinical Trial.			
1.4.a. Does the study involve human participants? 1.4.b. Are the participants prospectively assigned to an intervention? 1.4.c. Is the study designed to evaluate the effect of the intervention on the participants? 1.4.d. Is the effect that will be evaluated a health-related biomedical or behavioral outcome? Yes	No No No No		
1.5. Provide the ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier (e.g., NCT87654321) for this trial, if applicable			



UCLA CTSI Section 2 – Study Population Characteristics Strinical and Translational Section 2 – Study Population Characteristics

Section 2 - Study Population Characteristics	
2.1. Conditions or Focus of Study	
X	
Add New Condition	
2.2. Eligibility Criteria	
2.3. Age Limits Minimum Age	Maximum Age
2.4. Inclusion of Women, Minorities, and Children	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
2.5. Recruitment and Retention Plan	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
2.6. Recruitment Status	
2.7. Study Timeline	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
2.8. Enrollment of First Subject	
Inclusion Enrollment Report(s)	
	Add Inclusion Enrollment Report



UCLA CTSI Section 3 – Protection and Monitoring Plans Science Institute UCLA CTSI Section 3 – Protection and Monitoring Plans

Section 3 - Protection and Monitoring Plans				
3.1. Protection of Human Subjects	Add	d Attachment Del	lete Attachment	View Attachment
3.2. Is this a multi-site study that will use the	same protocol to conduct non-exempt human subj	ects research at	t more than one	domestic site?
If yes, describe the single IRB plan	Add	d Attachment Del	lete Attachment	View Attachment
3.3. Data and Safety Monitoring Plan	Add	d Attachment Del	lete Attachment	View Attachment
3.4. Will a Data and Safety Monitoring Board Yes No	be appointed for this study?			
3.5. Overall Structure of the Study Team	Add	d Attachment Del	lete Attachment	View Attachment



Section 4 – Protocol Synopsis

Section 4 - Protocol Synopsis	S
4.1. Brief Summary	
4.2. Study Design	
4.2.a. Narrative Study De	scription
4.2.b. Primary Purpose	
4.2.c. Interventions	
X Intervention T	ype v
Name	
Description	
Add New Inter	vention
4.2.d. Study Phase	
	Is this an NIH-defined Phase III clinical trial? Yes No



Section 4 – Protocol Synopsis

4.2.e.	Intervention Model							
4.2.f.	Masking	Yes [No Care Provider	Investigator	Outcomes As	ssessor		
4.2.g.	Allocation			•				
4.3. Ou	tcome Measures							
	X Name							
	Туре							•
	Time Frame							
	Brief Descri	ption						
	Add New C	Outcome						
4.4. Sta	atistical Design and P	ower			Add Attachment	Delete Attachment	View Attachment	
4.5. Su	bject Participation D	uration						
4.6. Wi	ll the study use an FC	DA-regulated inte	rvention?	Yes No				
	5.a. If yes, describe the vice Exemption (IDE)		nvestigational Produc	t (IP) and Investigationa	al New Drug (IND)/	Investigational		
					Add Attachment	Delete Attachment	View Attachment	
4.7. Dis	ssemination Plan				Add Attachment	Delete Attachment	View Attachment	



2.7 Study Timeline (NEW)

NIH: Provide a description or diagram describing the study timeline.

The timeline should be general (e.g. "one year after notice of award"), and should not include specific dates.

Review Criteria - NEW:

Describe timeline in detail taking into account:

- Start-Up activities
- Anticipated rate of enrollment
- Planned follow-up assessment
- Timeline must be feasible and well justified
- If applicable, project incorporates efficiencies and existing resources (CTSAs, networks, EMRs, databases, and patient registries) to increase efficiency of patient enrollment
- Address potential challenges and correspondent solutions (i.e. strategies re: enrollment shortfalls)

3.1 Protection of Human Subjects (Revised)

Items Removed

- Justification for proposed use of human subjects
- Description of age range and health status of subject population
- Sample plan, and rationale for involvement of vulnerable populations
- Recruitment and Informed Consent
- FDA IND/IDE test articles



3.1 Protection of Human Subjects (Revised)

Items Added

- Study design
- Need to provide details on previously collected biospecimens considerations Need to specify potential risks for each intervention separately
- Emphasis on caveats for adults unable to consent
- Incidental findings
- Vulnerable Populations
- Clarification that compensation is not a benefit





3.2 Single IRB Plan (sIRB) (NEW)

- 1. Describe how you will comply with the NIH Policy on the use of sIRB for multi-site research.
- 2. Provide the name of the IRB that will serve as the sIRB of Record (Reviewing IRB Institution).
- 3. Indicate that all identified participating sites have agreed to rely on the proposed sIRB and that any sites added afterward will rely on the sIRB.
- 4. Briefly describe how communications between sites will, prior to initiating the study, sign an authorization/reliance agreement that will clarify the roles and responsibilities of the sIRB and participating sites.
- 5. Indicate which institution or entity will maintain records of the authorization/reliance agreements and of the communication plan.
- 6. Note: Do NOT include the authorization/reliance agreements or communication plan(s).

Contact UCLA IRB Reliance for guidance before completing: irbreliance@research.ucla.edu





4.1 Brief Summary

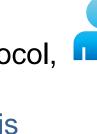
NIH:

4.1 Brief Summary

Limited to 5,000 characters

Enter a brief description of objectives of the protocol, including the primary and secondary endpoints

Include brief summary of the study hypothesis Summarize for the lay public



ClinicalTrials.gov:

5. Study Description

Brief Summary

Definition: A short description of the clinical study, including a brief statement of the clinical study's hypothesis, written in language intended for the lay public.

Limit: 5,000 characters.



4.2.a Narrative Study Description

NIH:

4.2.a Narrative Study Description

Limited to 32,000 characters

Enter a narrative description of the protocol, including more technical information



Do NOT duplicate information elsewhere (i.e. Eligibility Criteria, Outcomes)

Describe your plans for assignment of participants

Describe your plans for delivery of interventions

Show that your methods for sample size and data analysis are appropriate given those plans

For trials that randomize groups or deliver interventions to groups, special methods are required

See https://researchmethodsresources.nih.gov/ for additional guidance

ClinicalTrials.gov:

Detailed Description

Definition: Extended description of the protocol, including more technical information (as compared to the Brief Summary), if desired. Do not include the entire protocol; do not duplicate information recorded in other data elements, such as Eligibility Criteria or outcome measures.

Limit: 32,000 characters.

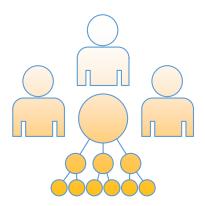




4.4 Statistical Design and Power (Revised)

Recommendations:

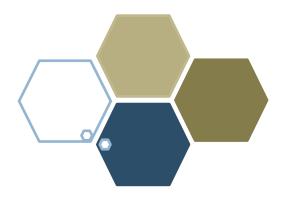
- Information and new forms cannot be duplicative
- Where overlap potential exists, consider using Research Strategy for higher-level analysis and leave details in Statistical Design and Power
- Think about citing other components (i.e. "See statistical design and power for more information")
- Spend more space in RS on Rigor and Transparency





Challenges

- Numerous new uploads and text fields will require increased coordination between PIs, admins, and fund managers
- Awareness of text field requirements vs. document upload requirements
- New components and detailed statistical requirements will necessitate an earlier start for planning applications
- PIs will need to familiarize themselves with the new Clinical Trial definition





Burden Statement

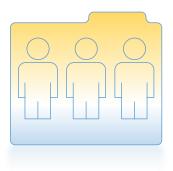
- NIH allows for costs to be budgeted associated with burden of collecting and reporting ClinicalTrials.gov information
- Estimated as:
 - 8 hours for response to initial registration
 - 2 hours each for 8 updates during course of the trial
 - 40 hours per response for initial results submission
 - 10 hours for 2 substantive updates to the results info





In Development

- Interactive Collection Form
- Website (now live!)
- Working Group
 - The CTSI is coordinating a working group to identify resources and experts to provide guidance on the new application requirements
- Collecting Examples
 - We are currently soliciting examples of successful protocols, timelines, and other components.





Key Takeaways

- Plan early for new requirements
- Review revisions to existing components
- Be aware of relocation of components
- Avoid potential redundancy
- Think proactively about ClinicalTrials.gov registration

START EARLY AND BE ENGAGED



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Additional Resources

- NIH SF 424 FORMS E: https://grants.nih.gov/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide/forms-e/general-forms-e.pdf
- ClinicalTrials.gov definitions: <u>https://prsinfo.clinicaltrials.gov/definitions.html</u>
- Does your study meet the definition of a CT? https://grants.nih.gov/ct-decision/index.htm
- NIH Infopath Questionnaire Determine What Type of Human Subjects Protections are Needed: https://humansubjects.nih.gov/questionnaire
- NIH Case Studies: https://grants.nih.gov/policy/clinical-trials/case-studies.htm



Questions?

For Additional Questions

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Website: https://ctsi.ucla.edu/pages/Hsapps

