

AI in Clinical Practice: Transforming Patient Care

CTSI Biomedical AI Symposium

UCLA, Dec 4, 2024

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THE NOBEL PRIZE IN PHYSICS 2024



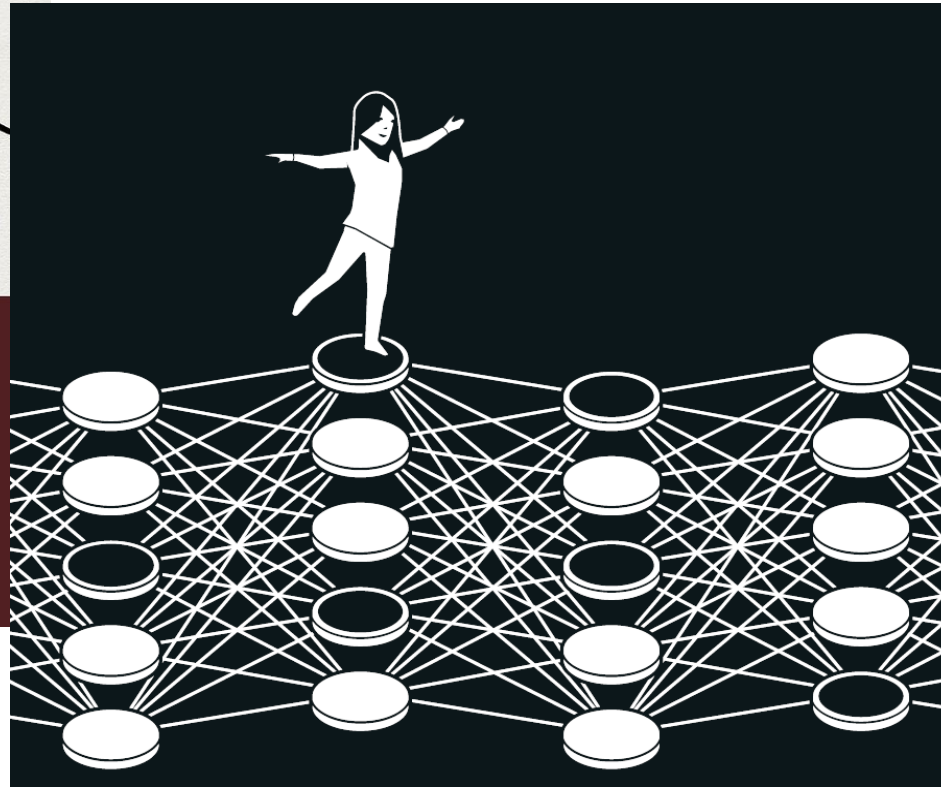
John J. Hopfield

Geoffrey E. Hinton

"for foundational discoveries and inventions
that enable machine learning
with artificial neural networks"

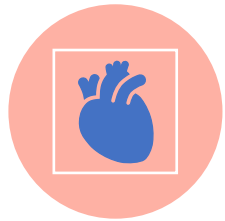
THE ROYAL SWEDISH ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Hinton: *"I'm hoping AI will lead to tremendous benefits, to tremendous increases in productivity and to a better life for everybody. I'm convinced that it will do that in health care."*



"My worry is that it may also lead to bad things, and in particular, when we get things more intelligent than ourselves, no one really knows whether we're going to be able to control them."

AI in Clinical Practice: Transforming Patient Care



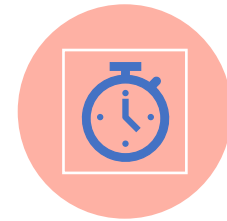
**AI REVOLUTION IN MEDICINE
(HEART DISEASE)**



**WHY IS IT
IMPORTANT?**



**CHALLENGES AND HOW TO
CONFRONT (“BAD THINGS”)?**

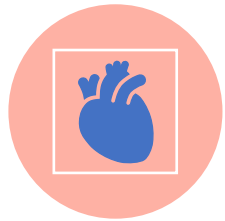


**IS THE RATE OF
PROGRESS WHAT WE
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**THE ONE CONCEPT THAT
WILL TRANSFORM PATIENT
CARE**

AI in Clinical Practice: Transforming Patient Care



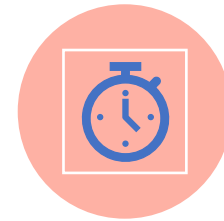
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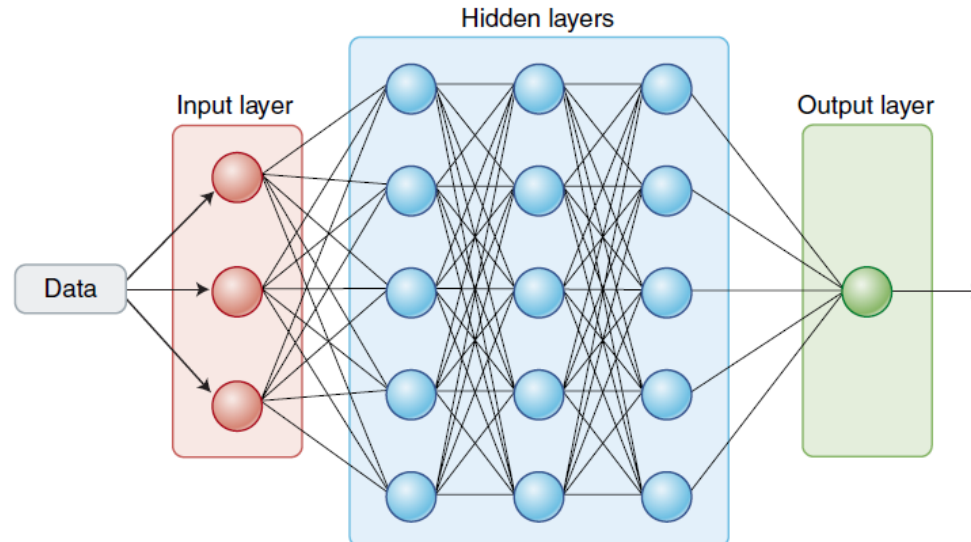
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Convergence of human and artificial intelligence: High-performance medicine

2019: Examples of AI applications across the human lifespan



Embryo selection for IVF



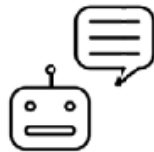
Genome interpretation sick newborns



Voice medical coach via a smart speaker (like Alexa)



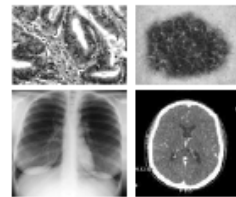
K⁺



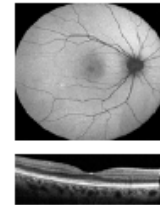
Mental health



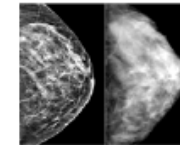
Paramedic dx of heart attack, stroke



Assist reading of scans, slides, lesions



Prevent blindness



Classify cancer, identify mutations



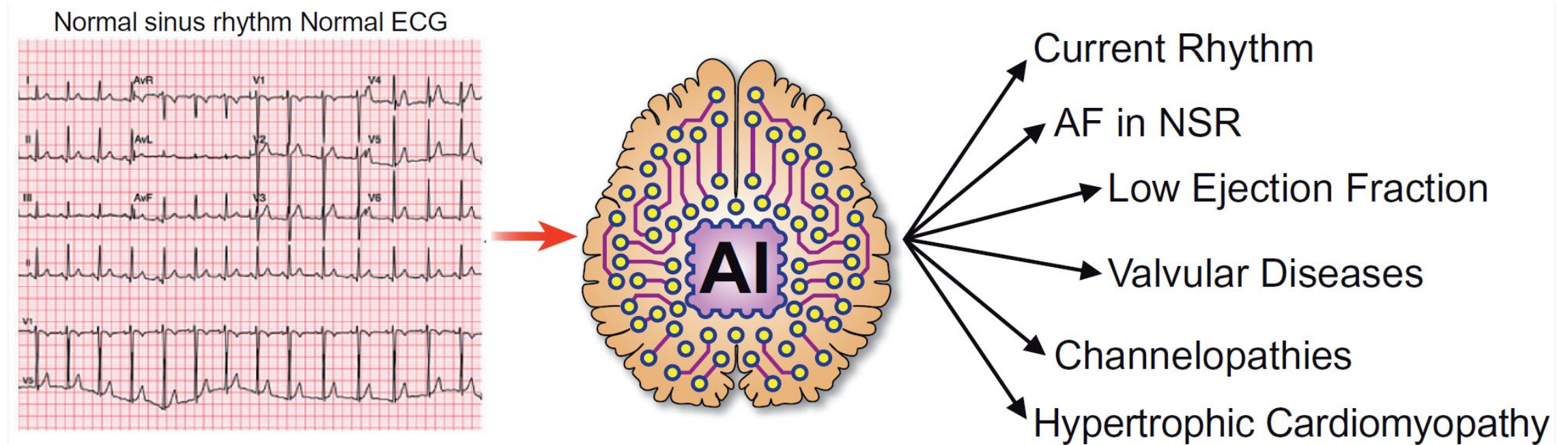
Promote patient safety

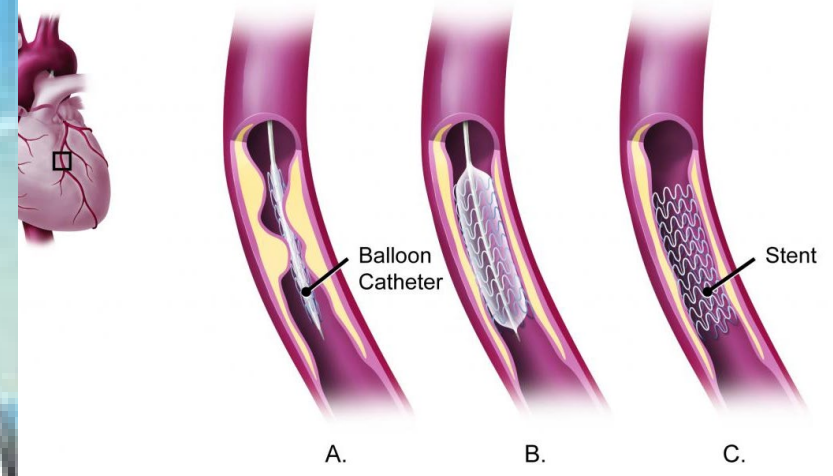
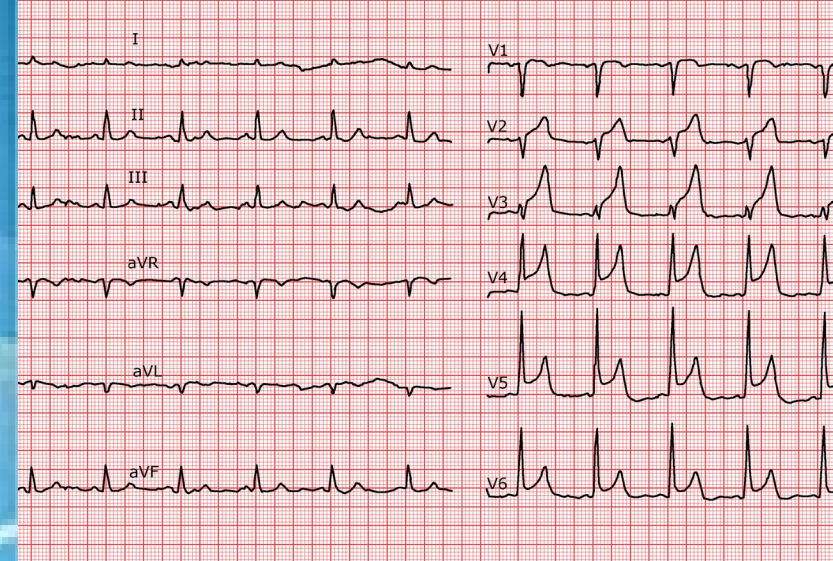
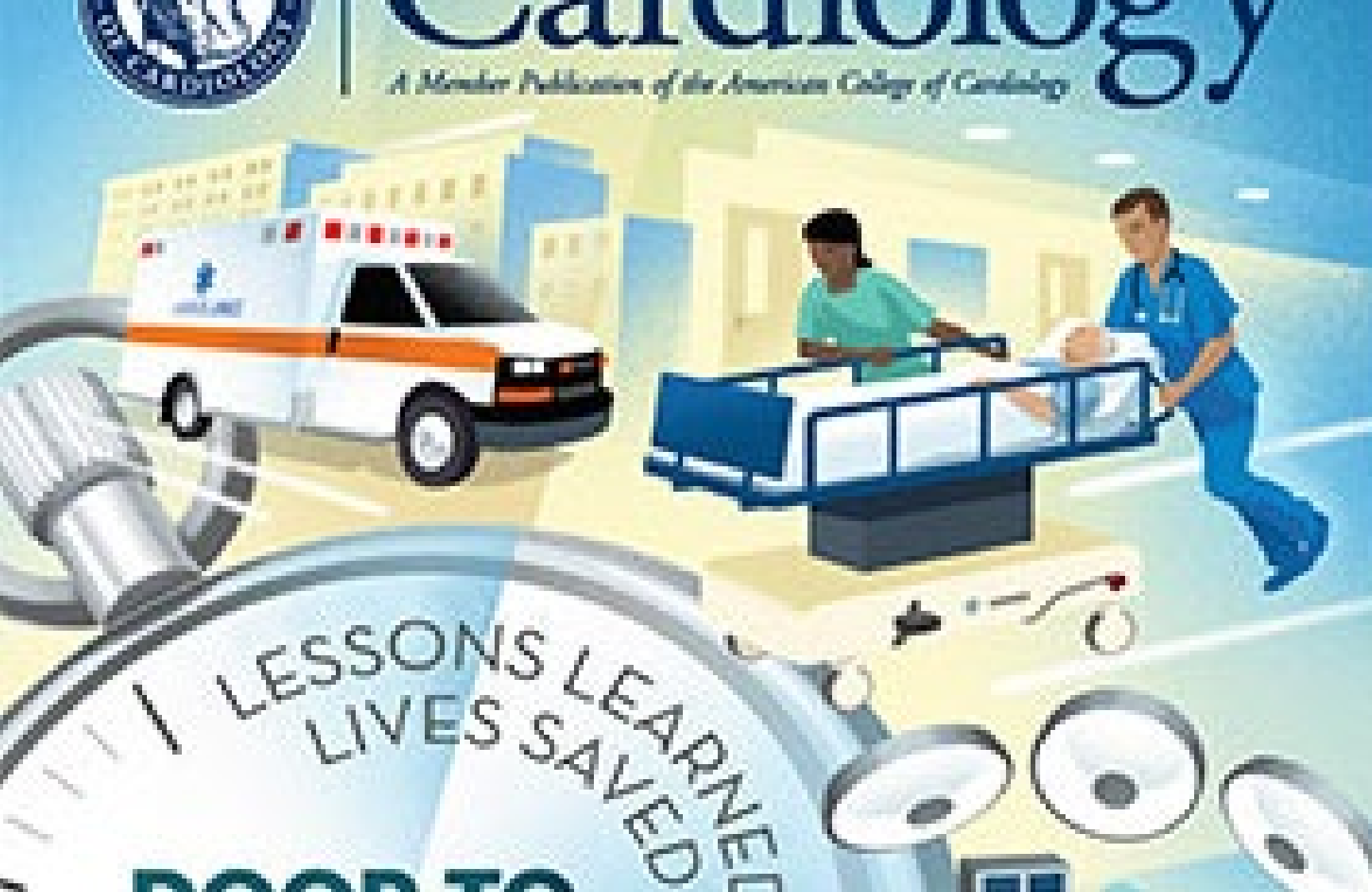


Predict death in-hospital

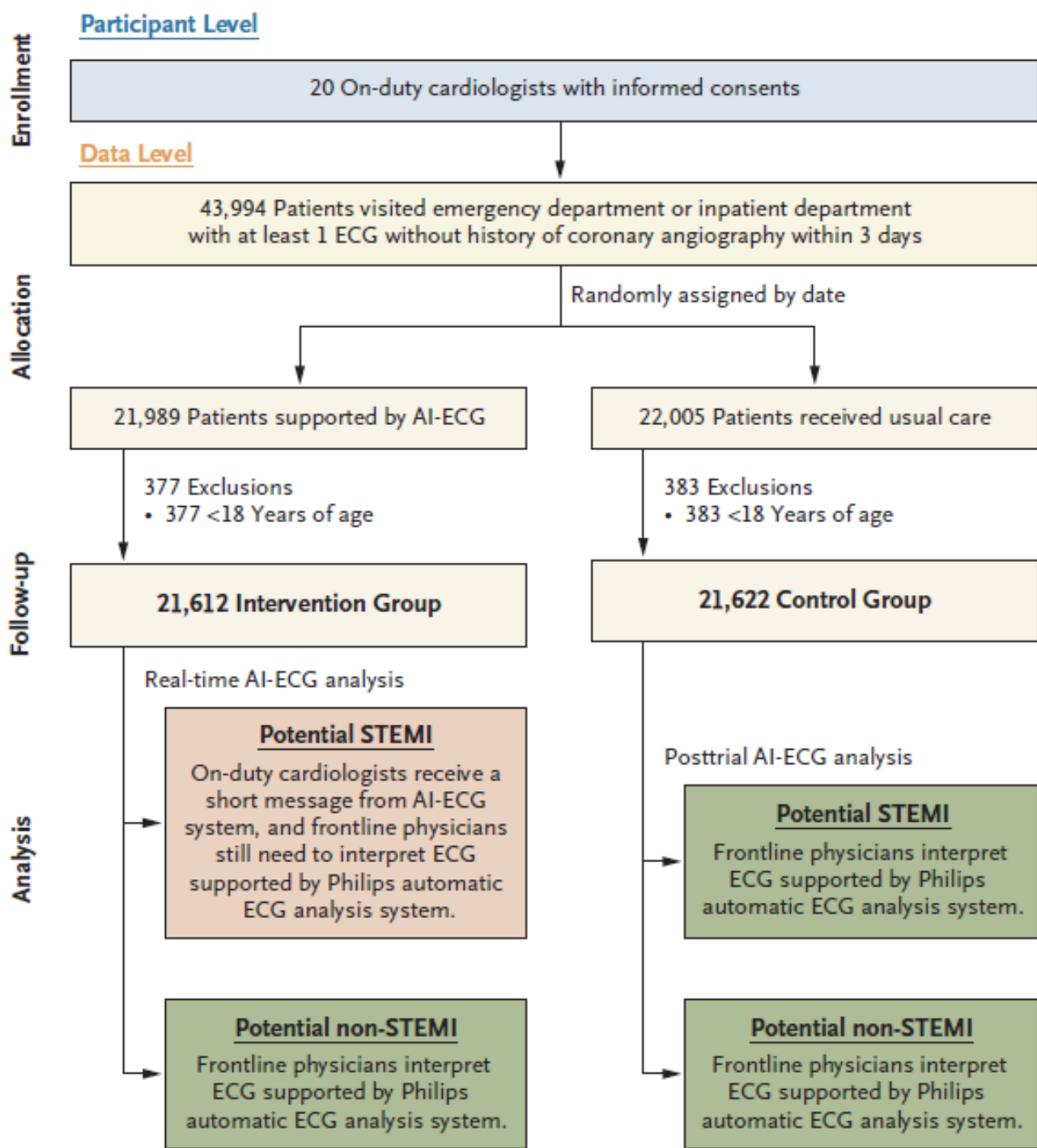
Discoveries Lead to Ongoing AI Revolution in Medicine

Standalone Digital 12-lead ECG Predicts and Diagnoses Multiple Conditions





Rx of ST-elevation MI: Shorter door to balloon time = better outcome (90 minutes or less)

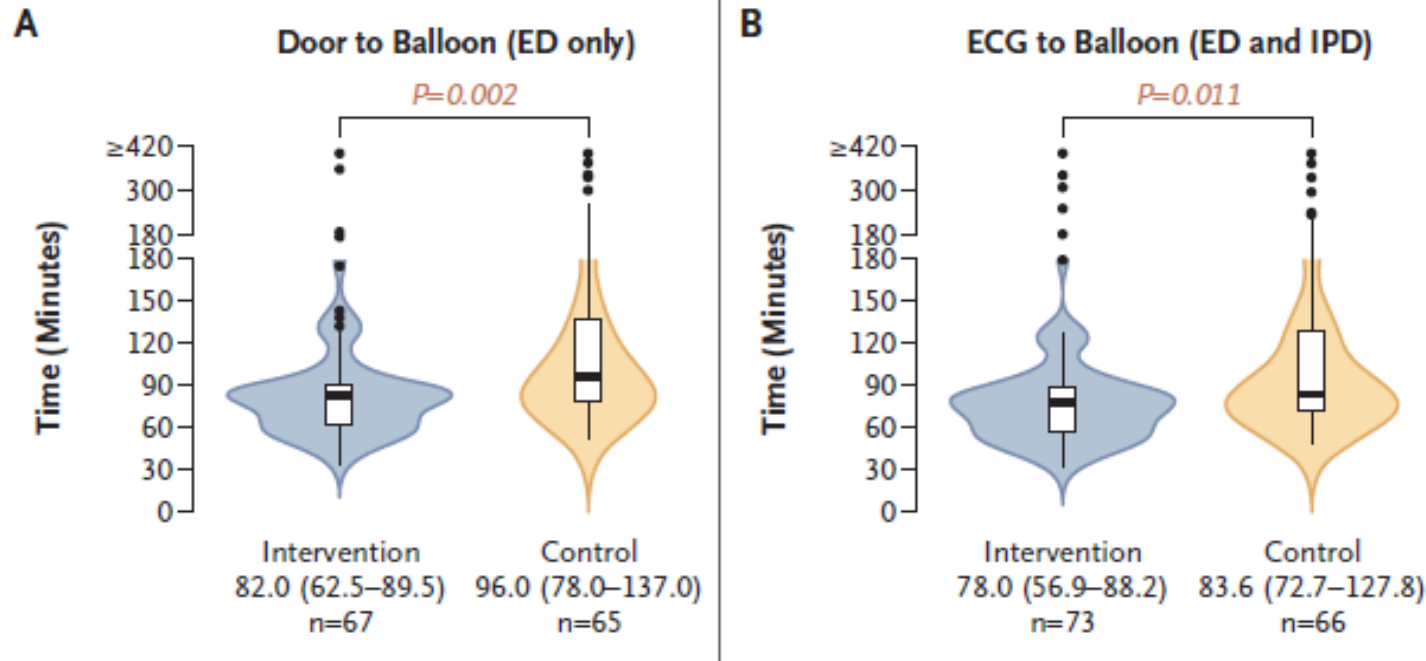


AI Revolution in Medicine

A Pragmatic Randomized Controlled Trial AI-Powered Rapid Identification of ST-Elevation MI via ECG (ARISE) :

- >40K Patients randomly assigned
- EITHER AI-powered ECG algorithm OR standard care
- Tested the effect of AI-ECG interpretation and automated SMS notification
- On treatment delays and diagnostic accuracy for patients STEMI

AI-Powered Rapid Identification of ST-Elevation MI via ECG (ARISE) : Results



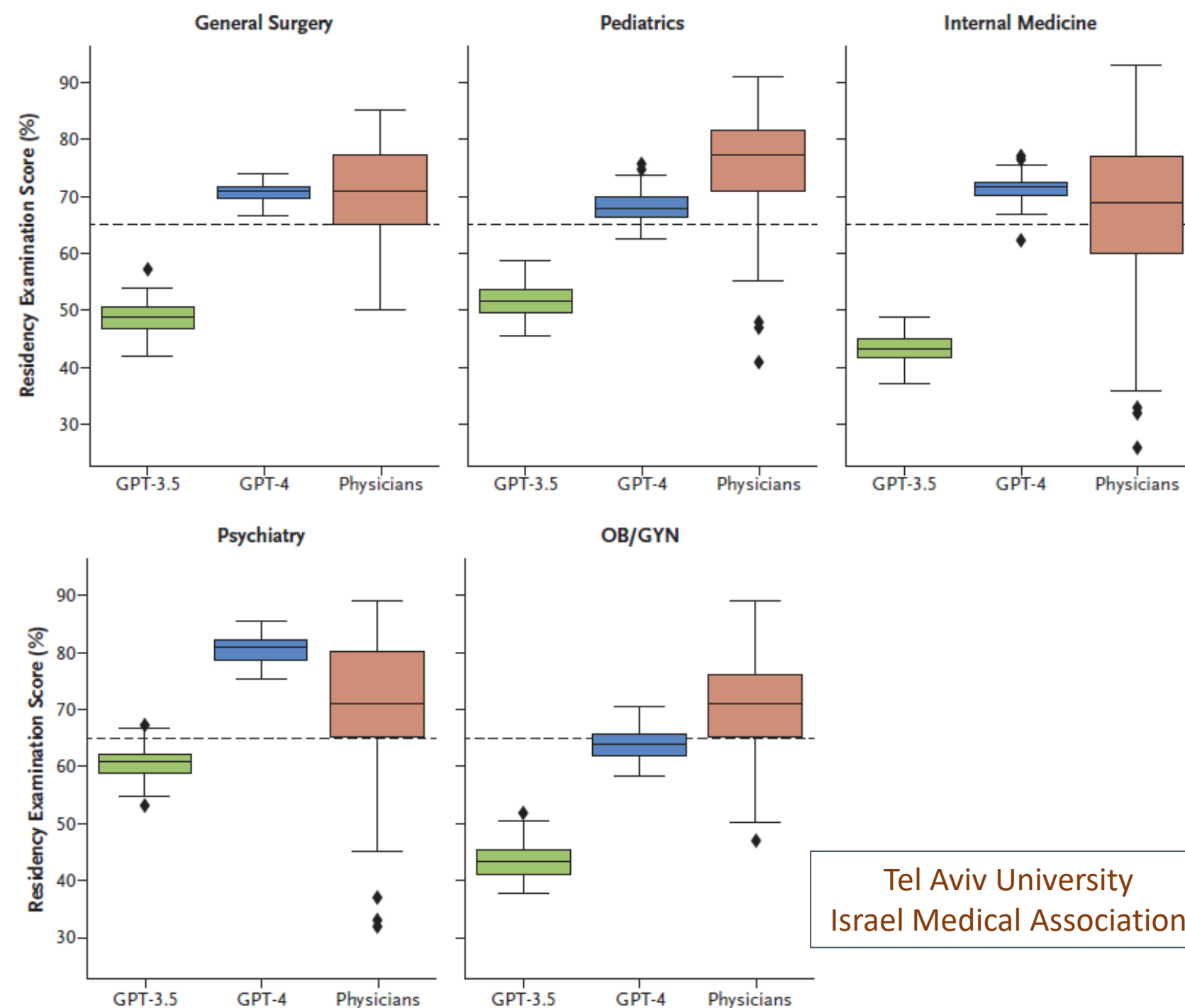
- AI-ECG cut the median door-to-balloon time by **14 minutes** (96 to 82 min, $P<0.001$)
- Cut ECG-to-balloon time by **6 minutes** (from 84 to 78 min, $P<0.001$) for hospitalized patients
- **High positive and negative predictive value** (89.5% and 99.9%), greater accuracy
- **Compelling evidence for the integration of AI-ECG into clinical practice for management of STEMI**

AI Revolution in Medicine

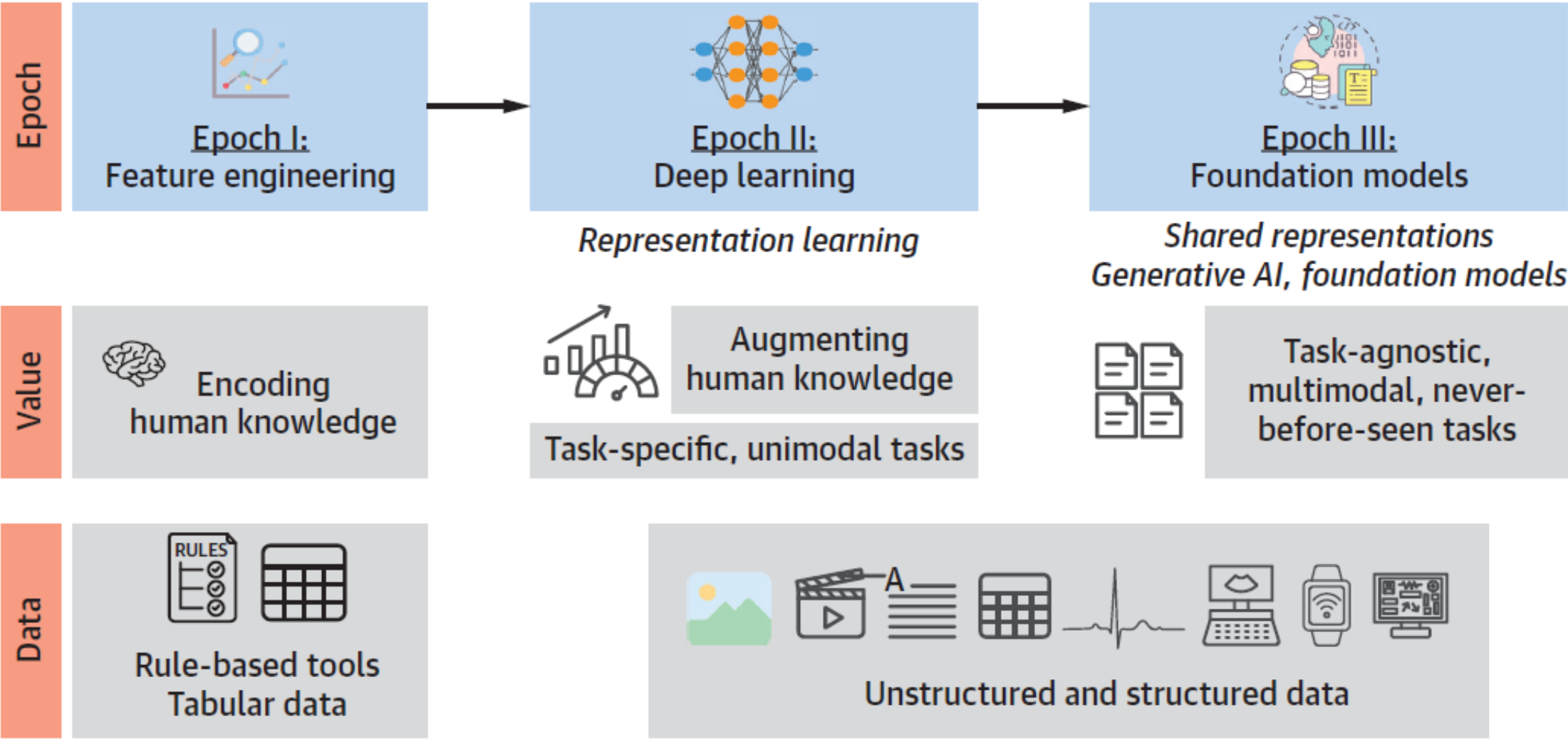
Performance of GPT 3.5/4 vs. Resident Physicians on the Board Examination

- GPT-4 performance was **comparable with physicians (except Peds, Ob/Gyn)**
- GPT-3.5 to GPT-4 marks a critical milestone of the maturity of LLM
- Potential synergy between LLM and physicians holds tremendous promise
- Adoption of LLMs in clinical practice is imminent

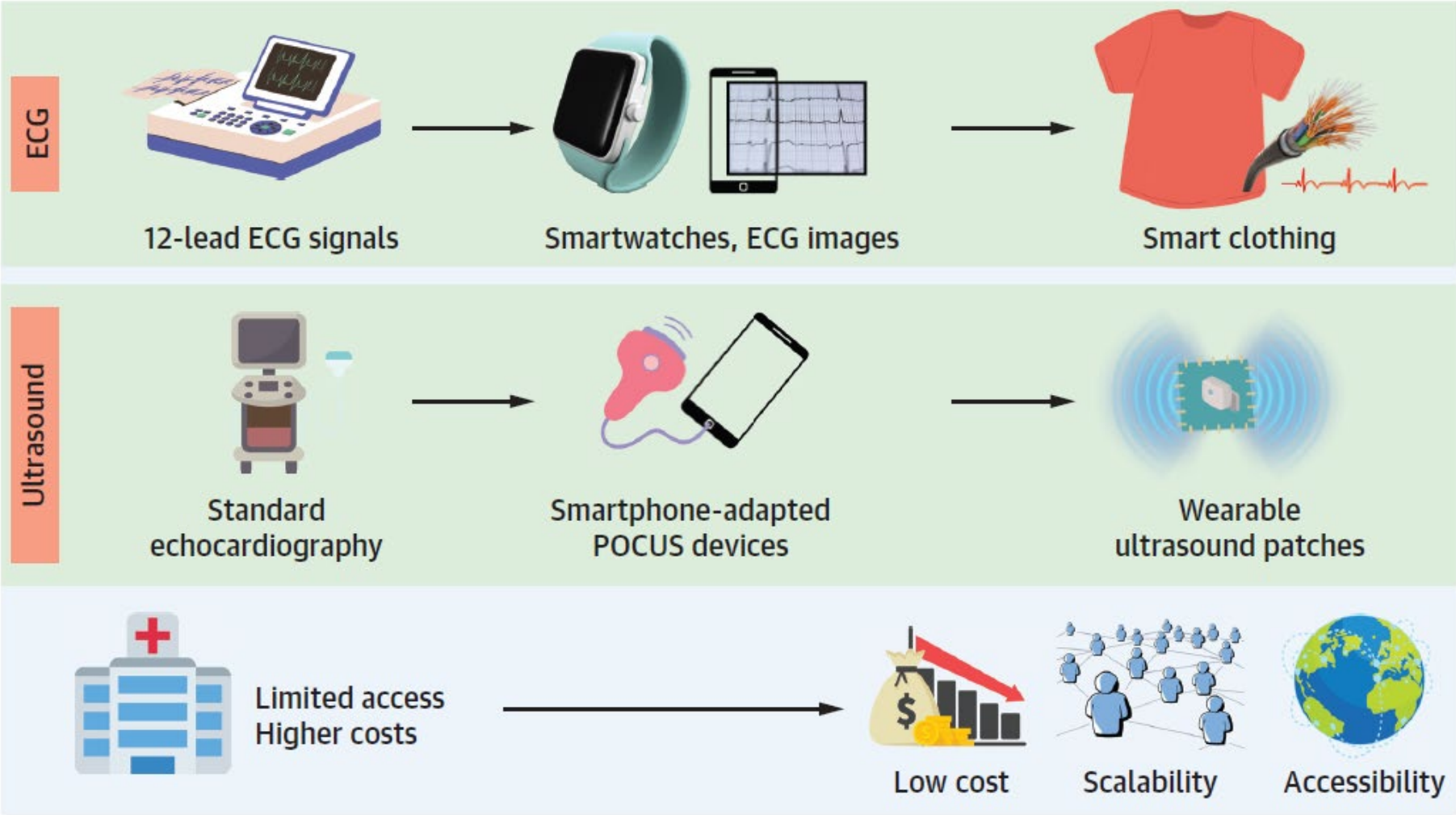
Tel Aviv University
Israel Medical Association

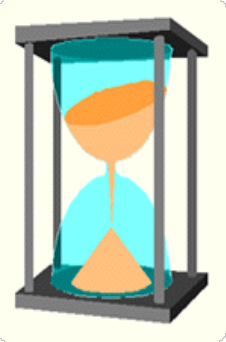


The Technical Evolution of Medical AI



Evolving Landscape of Scalable and Globally Accessible Technologies for Cardiovascular Disease Screening and Diagnosis





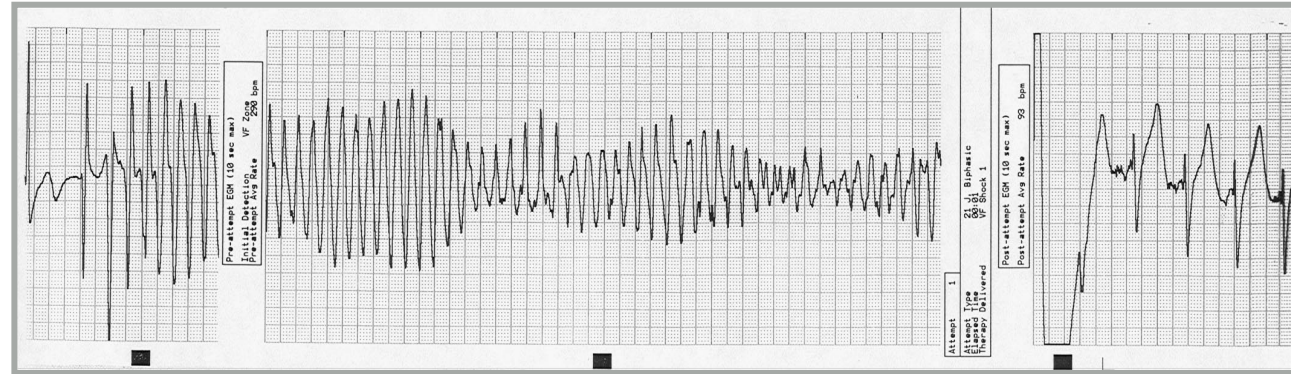
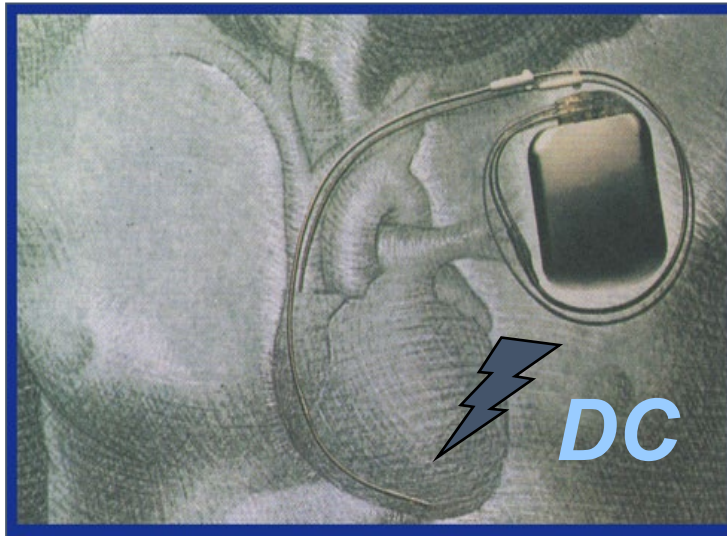
**Cardiac Arrest
Chain of Survival**

**By the time 911 is called, too late for >90%
Out of 360K → 40K lives saved**



**Key Role for
Prediction and
Prevention**

Primary prevention Implantable Cardioverter-Defibrillator (ICD) Treats Sudden Cardiac Arrest with Immediate DC Shock

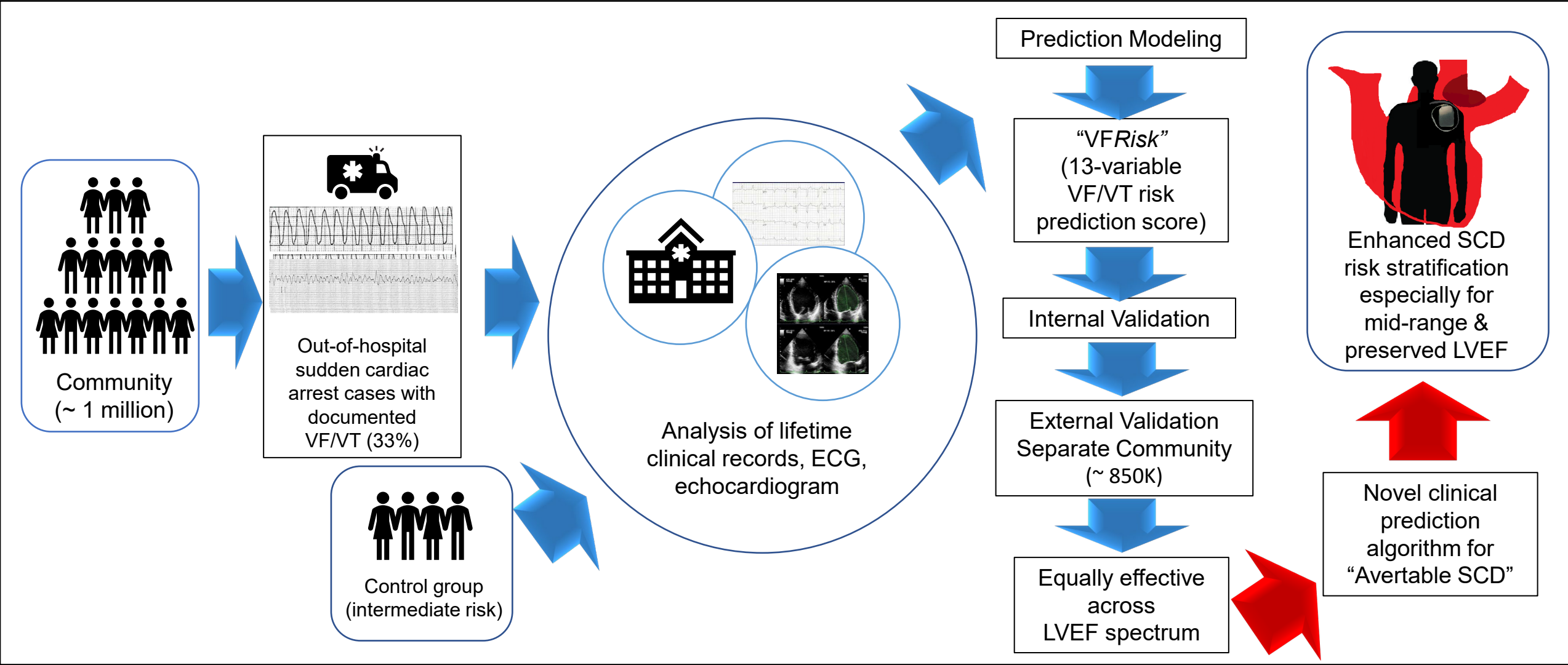


**Main predictor of SCD risk:
LV ejection fraction <35%
No Longer Adequate**



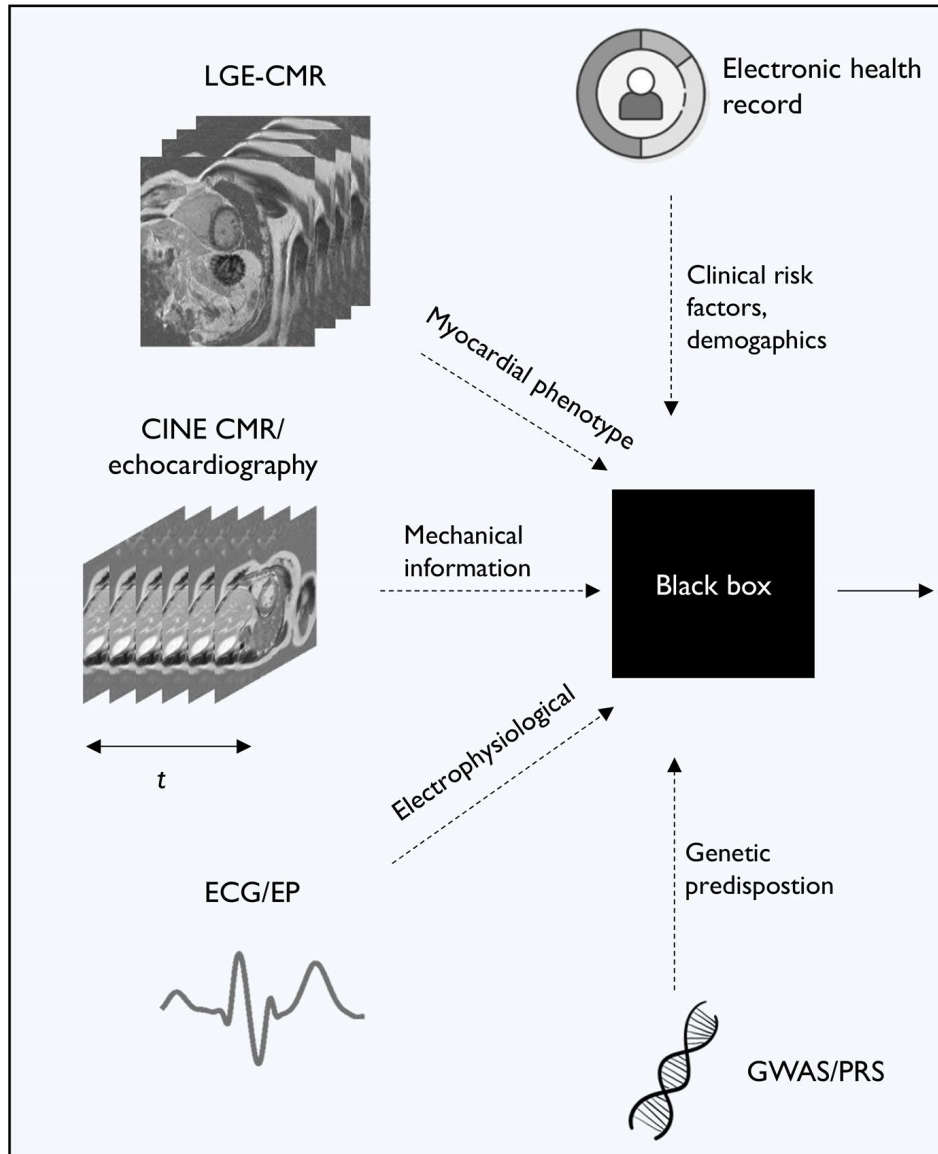
SCA Risk Prediction Score Beyond the Ejection Fraction

VFRisk Score (4000 subjects, 13 predictors, AUC 0.81; LVEF <35% AUC 0.64)

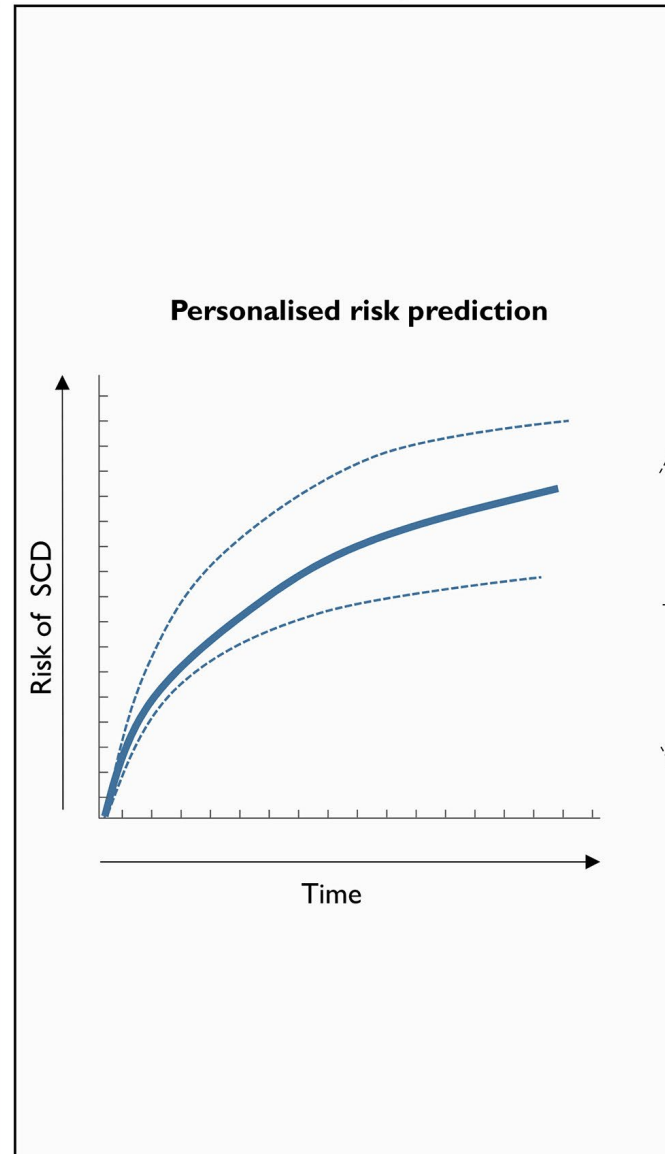


Multimodal AI-driven Prediction Models for Sudden Cardiac Arrest

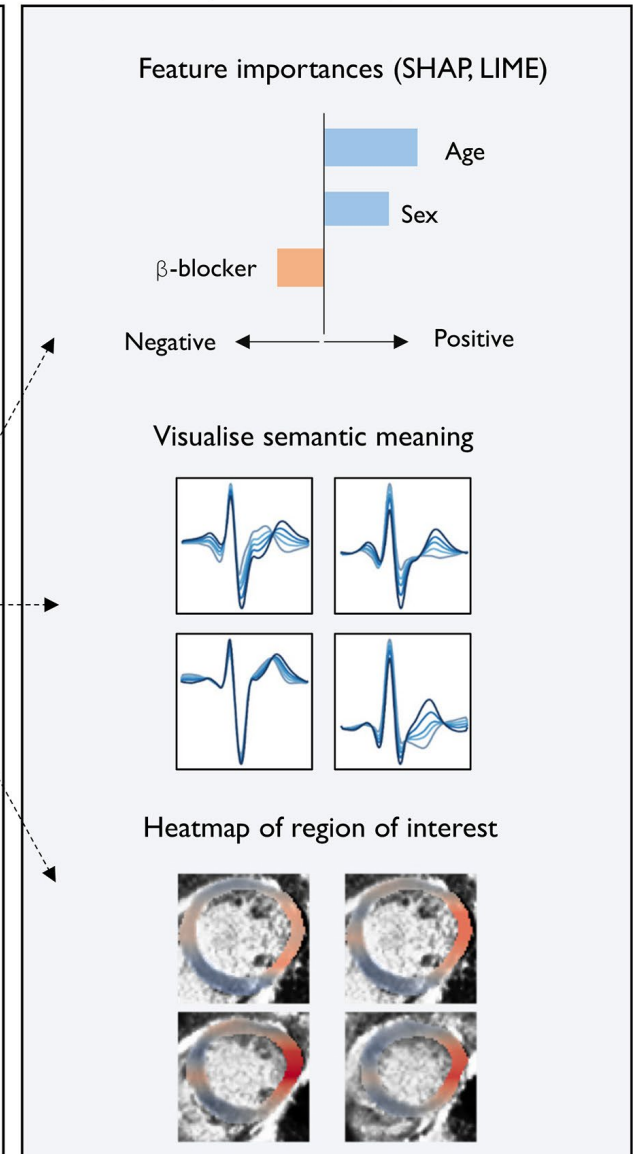
a. Input data to black box algorithms



b. Prediction of SCD risk on a patient level

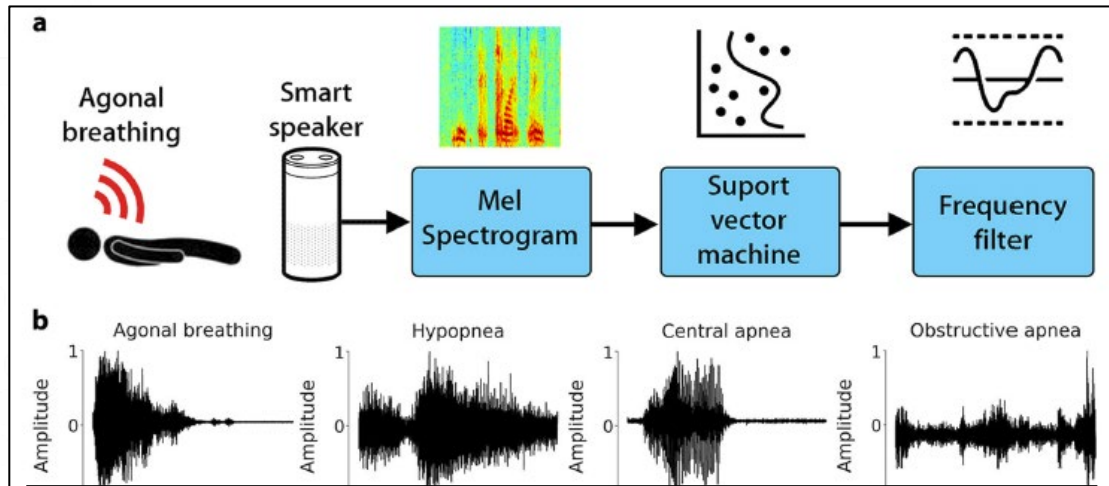


c. Explainability of model outputs



Early Detection

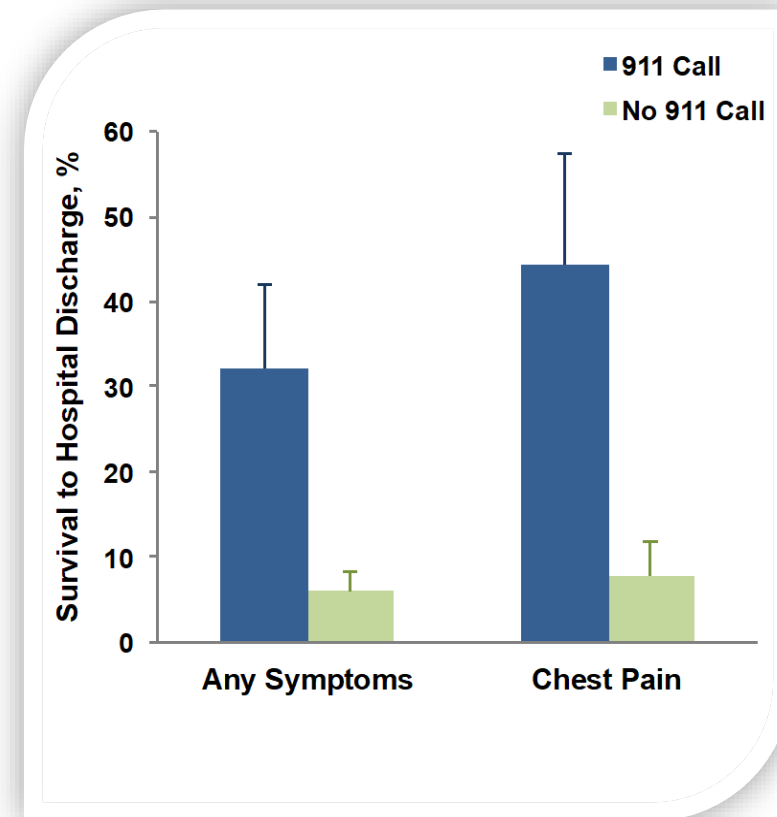
Sensors that can detect SCA quickly
Alarm → rapid deployment of AED



- Agonal breathing- brainstem reflex in SCA
- Under-appreciated audible biomarker
- Different frequency from sleep sounds
- A smart speaker can detect agonal breathing in the bedroom
- Especially useful for unwitnessed SCA

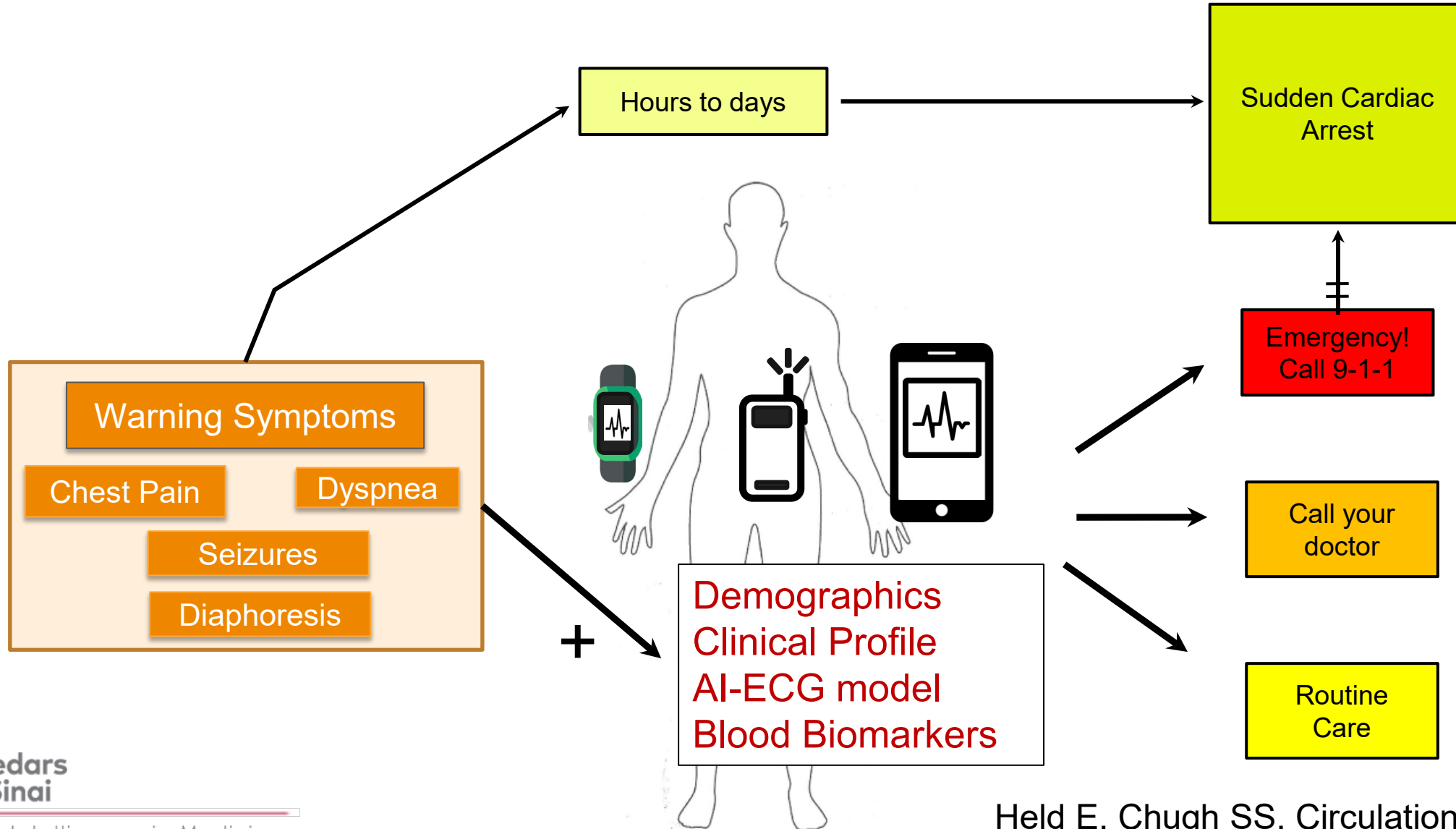
Early Prediction

50-70% have SCA warning symptoms
Quicker response = Better survival

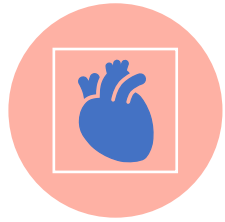


Prediction of Imminent Sudden Cardiac Arrest in the Community

Multi-modal AI: Combination of Symptoms + Clinical Profile + Biomarkers



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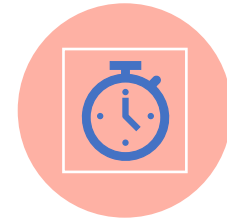
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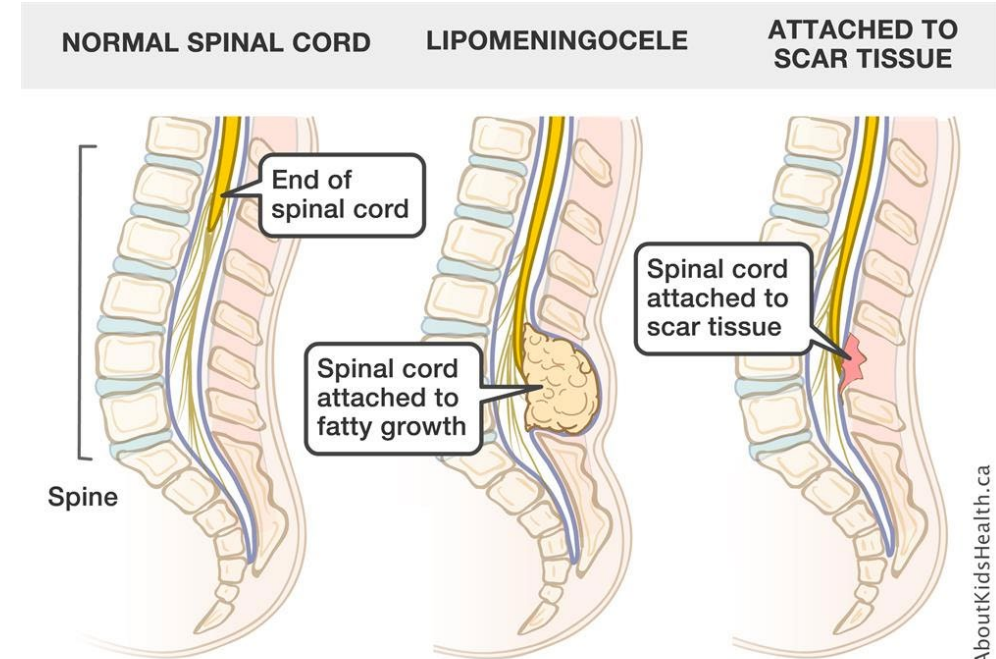


THE ONE CONCEPT THAT
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A boy saw 17 doctors over 3 years for chronic pain. ChatGPT Made the Dx. Tethered Cord Syndrome: Diagnostic odyssey exposed structural issues





- Alex age 4 was experiencing pain and not meeting his milestones
- Mom: “I went line by line of everything that was in his (MRI notes) and plugged it into ChatGPT,” she says. “I put the note in there about ... how he wouldn’t sit crisscross applesauce. To me, that was a huge trigger (that) a structural thing could be wrong.”




The need for AI to improve health care delivery should no longer be questioned


 Collective body of medical knowledge required to treat a patient: exponential ↑

 1980: doubled every 7 years; 2010: doubled every 75 days.

 What medical students learn in their first 3 years = 6 % of known medical information at the time of their graduation

 Some knowledge still relevant, some outdated, some might not be complete

 AI has the potential to supplement a clinical team's knowledge to ensure up to date care

 Bringing that potential to reality has not been easy, but there are some successes

Global Health Care Provider Shortage: USA Projections From 2021-36

Exhibit 2: Total Projected Physician Shortfall Range, 2021-2036

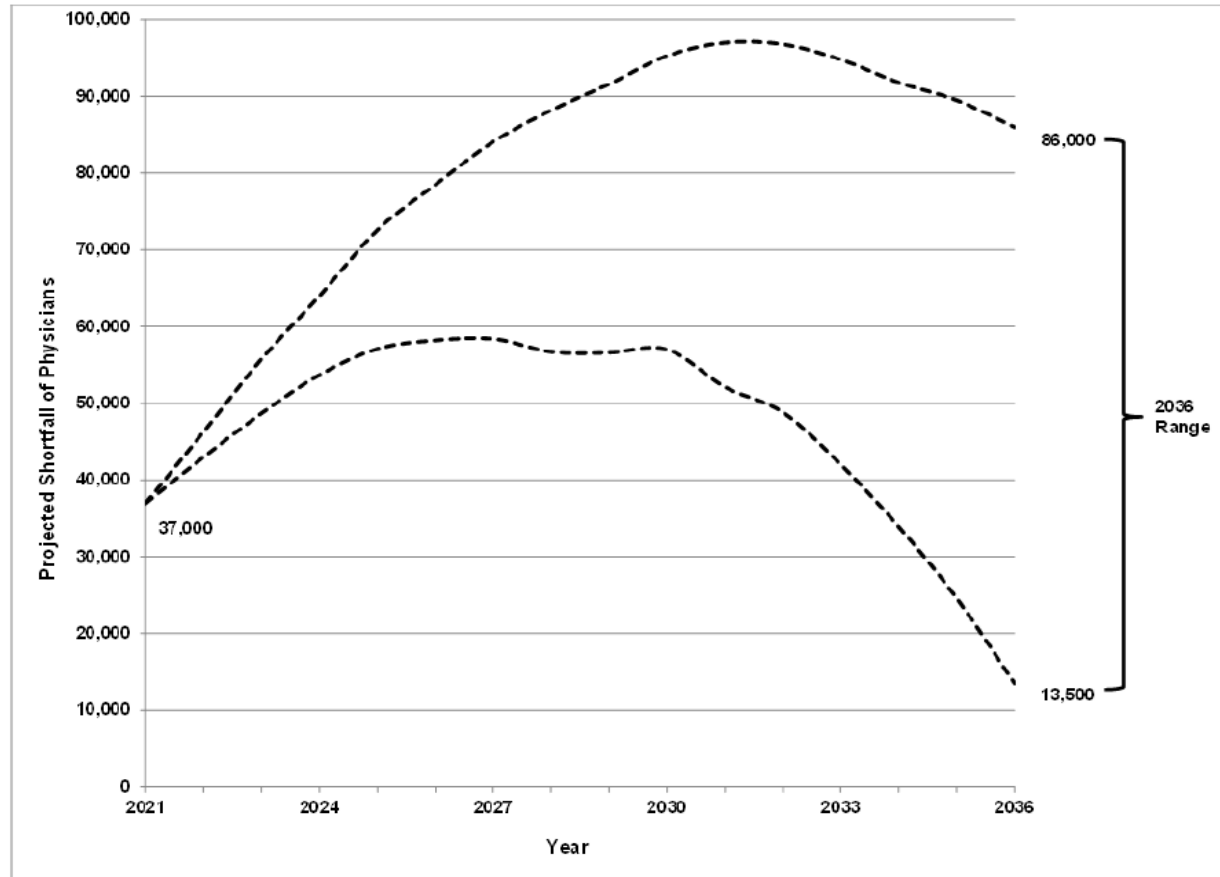


Table. Potential Use Cases for AI in Primary Care

Use case	Examples of AI role
<u>Inbox management</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prioritize patient messages • Generate draft responses • Edit physician messages to optimize communication, including for literacy appropriateness
<u>Clinician documentation</u>	<p>With transcription software:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draft progress notes in real time during visits • Draft prior authorization, disability, and durable medical equipment requests • Draft a list of billing codes for visits
<u>Between-visit panel management</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accurately identify patients in need of cancer screening using unstructured and structured EHR data to determine exclusions • Identify patients with incomplete cancer screening (such as missed appointments), automate communication with patients, and provide scheduling and/or staff notification • Generate tailored messages to patients related to needed between-visit care needs
<u>Individualized decision support</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify relevant information in structured and unstructured EHR data to prioritize differential diagnoses for new symptoms • Recommend medication options for chronic conditions, considering prior medication prescriptions, allergies, and intolerances noted in structured and unstructured EHR data

AI as a Health Care Catalyst: fundamental re-imagining of health care processes



Health Care Cost Savings: >\$360 billion annually in U.S. health care



Optimize care delivery: Predictive analytics (ML) - anticipate patient needs, optimize resource allocation, and prevent adverse events.



Predict hospital readmissions: Manage patient flow in EDs through reinforcement learning algorithms

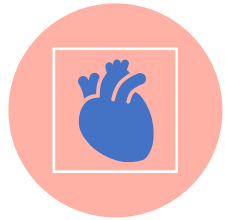


New drug therapies: *In silico* drug discovery ↓ time and associated cost



Clinical trial design optimized by AI

AI in Clinical Practice: Transforming Patient Care



ONGOING AI REVOLUTION IN
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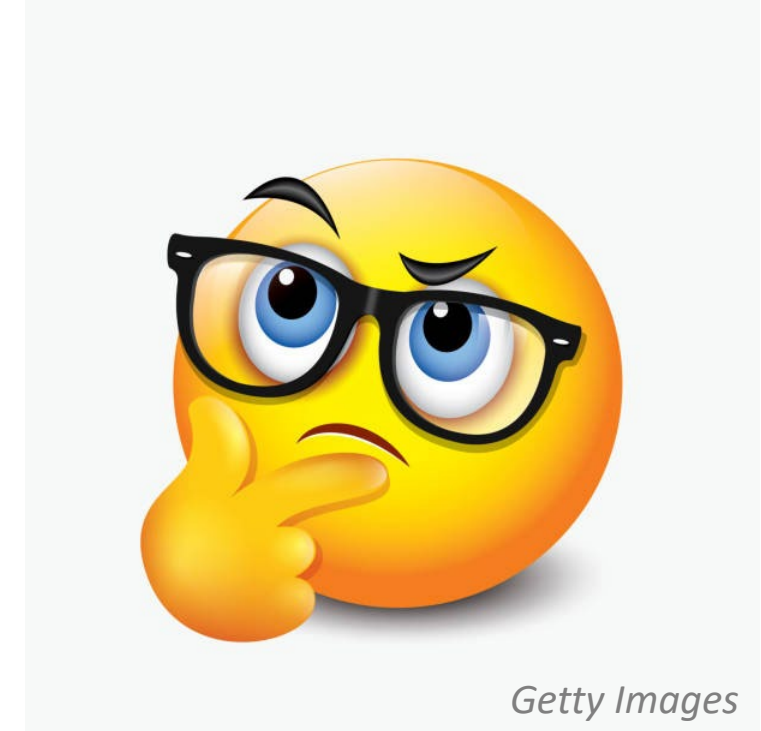
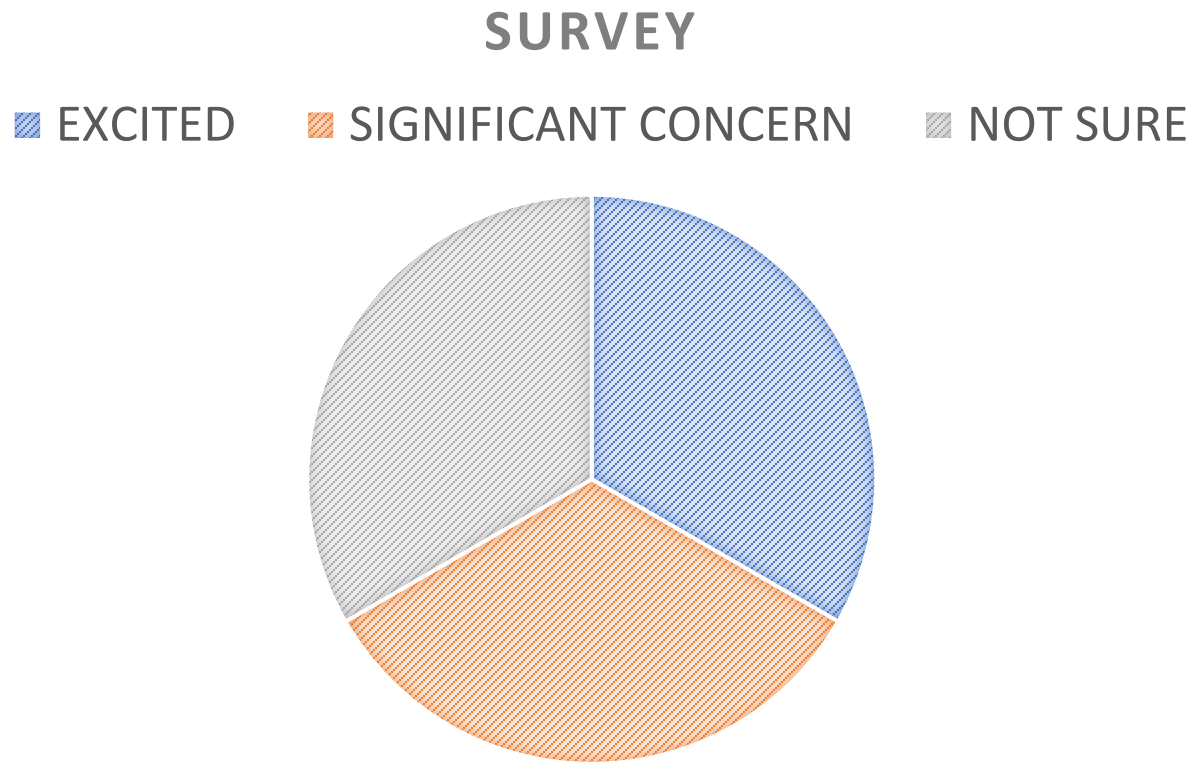
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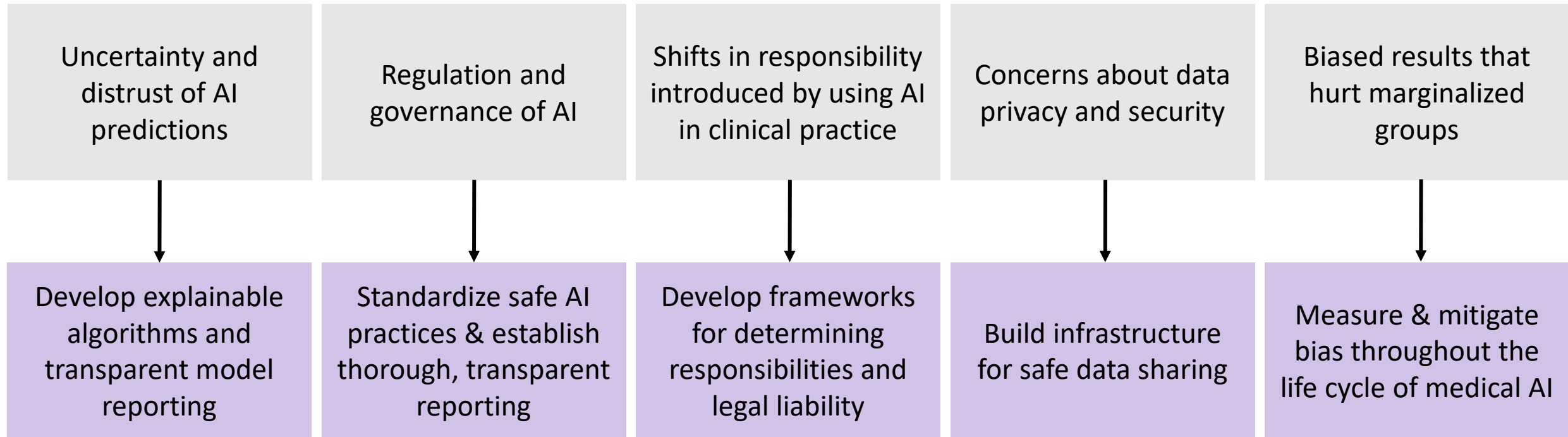
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Skepticism Among Health Care Providers Toward AI Integration in Health Care

AMA: Results of Augmented Intelligence in Medicine Survey



Ethical challenges for AI in clinical practice












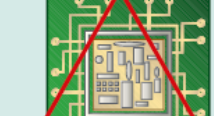
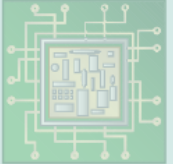
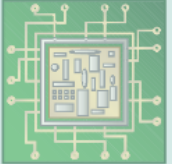
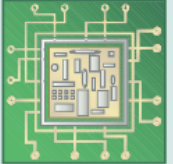
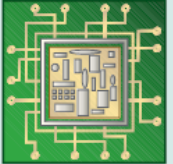
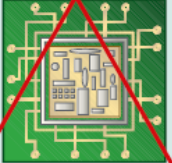


The Autonomous Car Analogy: Medical AI will not cross Level 3

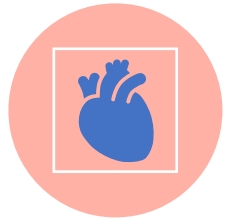
Autonomous car

Human driver monitors environment			System monitors environment		
0 No automation	1 Driver assistance	2 Partial automation	3 Conditional automation	4 High automation	5 Full automation
The absence of any assistive features such as adaptive cruise control.	Systems that help drivers maintain speed or stay in lane but leave the driver in control.	The combination of automatic speed and steering control—for example, cruise control and lane keeping.	Automated systems that drive and monitor the environment but rely on a human driver for backup.	Automated systems that do everything—no human backup required—but only in limited circumstances.	The true electronic chauffeur: retains full vehicle control, needs no human backup, and drives in all conditions.

AI in patient care

Humans and machine doctors					
0	1	2	3	4	5
					
					
					
Now				Unlikely	

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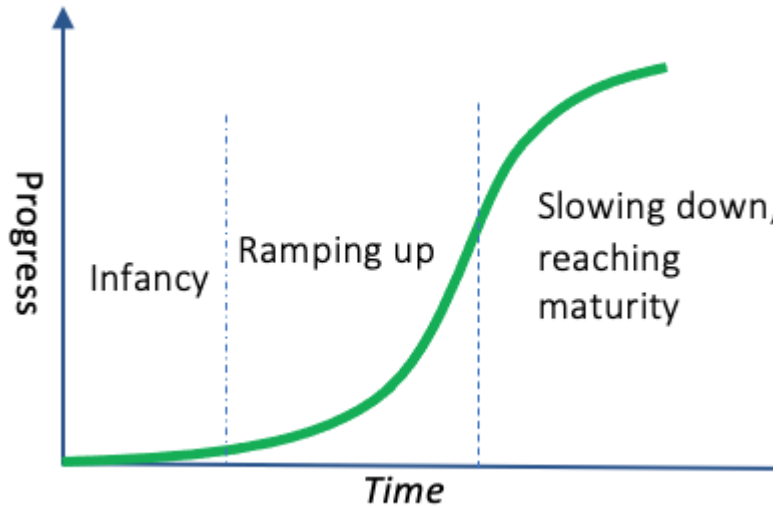


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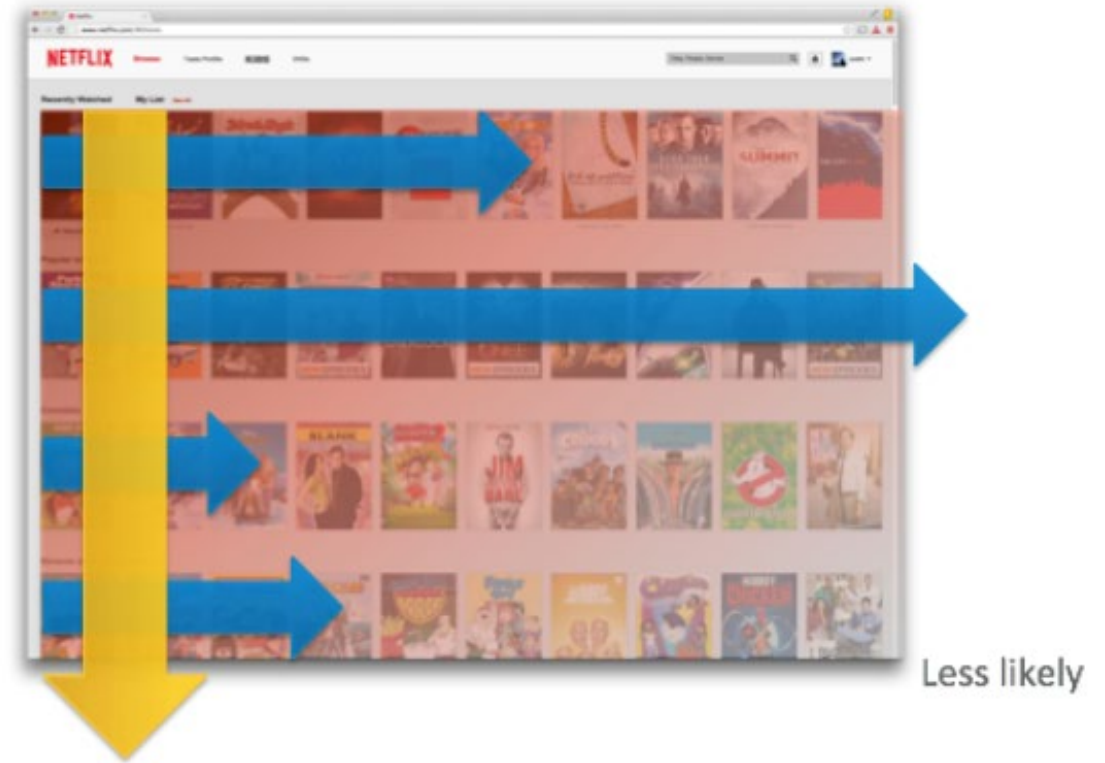


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Slow Adoption of AI in Health Care Delivery: Issues **Outside** Health Care Organizations



More likely to see



- Health care data is heterogeneous and variable (unlike data for movie recommendations)
- U.S uses fee-for service model but value-based payment models better for AI delivery
- Lack of patient confidence, legal issues
- Regulatory issues (FDA approval and reimbursement)

Slow Adoption of AI : Finding Solutions **Inside** Health Care Organizations

1. *MISSION-LED ROAD MAP*

- AI is a process/broader solution not a quick win/silver bullet
- Focus on transformative potential not incremental opportunity
- Focus on increased access, safety, quality, satisfaction not just financial factors
- Pursuing selected priority domains with multiple uses of AI rather than many domains

2. *TALENT*

- In an AI work force, long-term plan, make them AI-literate

3. *AGILE DELIVERY*

- Develop institutional culture/consensus around AI, supported by adequate funding

4. *TECHNOLOGY & TOOLING*

- Sufficient investment in infrastructure and tools for technology and data preparation

5. *DATA MANAGEMENT*

- Minimize gaps, address data biases, availability/scale, establish governance

6. *CHANGE IN OPERATING MODEL OF THE ORGANIZATION*

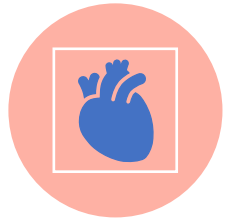
- Change management, workflow integration, cross-functional teams, transparency, operational output easy to understand, formal operational governance structure for implementation and management

Low & Middle-Income Countries Upending the Model of AI Adoption

- 2016: Hinton predicted radiologists' extinction within 5 years
- 8 years later, radiologists have yet to be replaced, and radiology AI slow to be implemented in many high-income countries
- In high-income countries, business case for AI predicated on profit-driven models, vendors must show that AI will increase bottom line or reduce health-care costs
- LMIC faster due to philanthropic funding
- Starlink (satellite broadband) accessed in Everest Basecamp to detect HAPE
- Smartphone imaging with ultrasound (attach probe to the base, high resolution imaging) rapid Dx of pneumonia and HF
- *One day US health care might implement AI for chest x-rays just to catch up with Africa*



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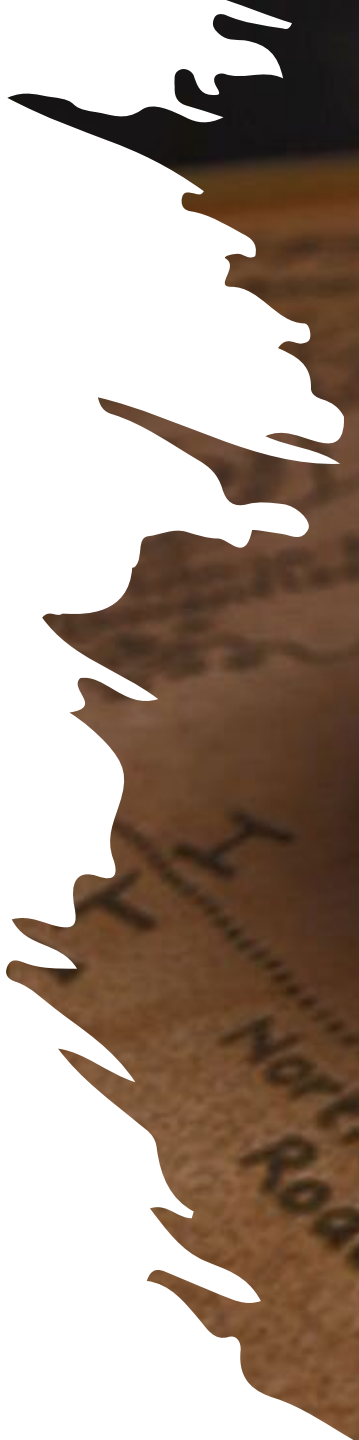
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Dunlath
North-South
Road

Isengard

Fords of Isengard

WESTFOLD

Wormtongue
Helm's Deep

Emnet
Emnet

Showdown

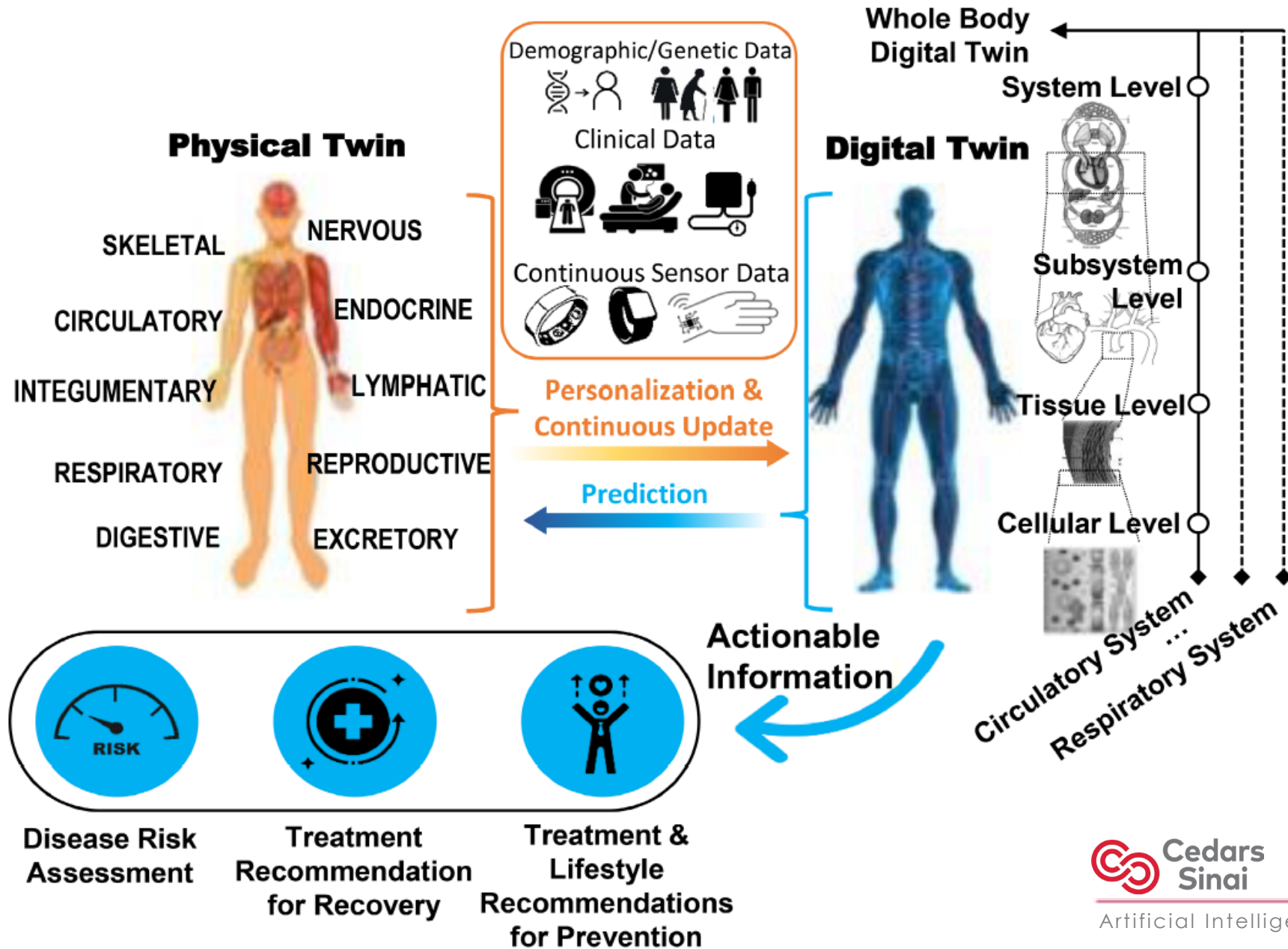
Digital Twin Technology

First used in NASA's Apollo in 1970s; GE created Digital Twin model for aircraft engines

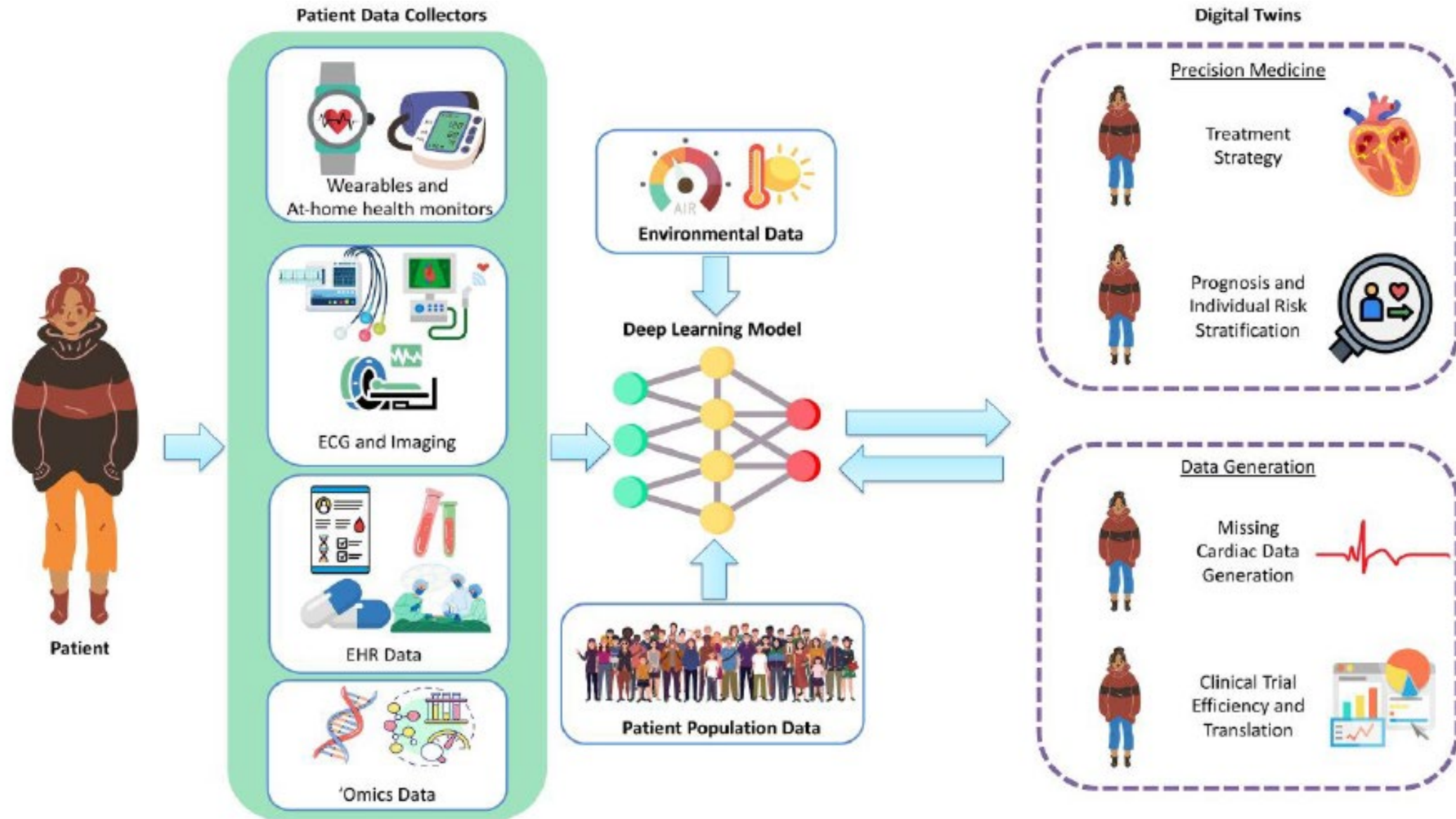
The three elements of a digital twin



The Whole-body Digital Twin Concept



Potential cardiovascular clinical applications of digital twins



A step-by-step clinical vignette modeling the future of healthcare with digital twins



Ms. K is a 76-year-old woman with heart failure with preserved ejection fraction (HFpEF), type 2 diabetes, hypertension, and obesity and is currently walking outside.

Her smartwatch detects and records in her medical digital twin:

- A 6-second episode of atrial fibrillation
- A modest decrease in oxygen saturation
- An outdoor temperature of 35°C with 70% humidity, Air Quality Index: 125

Her wireless blood pressure cuff records in her digital twin: 170/93



Her arrhythmia and elevated blood pressure have triggered her EHR to run an LLM extracting:

- Relevant medical history, vital signs, ECGs, cardiac imaging, medications
- A previous echocardiogram report noting: “diastolic dysfunction” and an “enlarged left atrium”
- A recent clinic note recommending: “Pause HCTZ due to a decrease in potassium and rise in uric acid.”



The digital twin model has determined: Ms. K is likely to experience a heart failure exacerbation.

It then:

- Runs simulations of different blood pressure and diuretic medications on her outcome
- Compares this patient’s digital twin to others who are similar in profile
- Draws on its knowledge of relevant randomized clinical trials and guidelines.

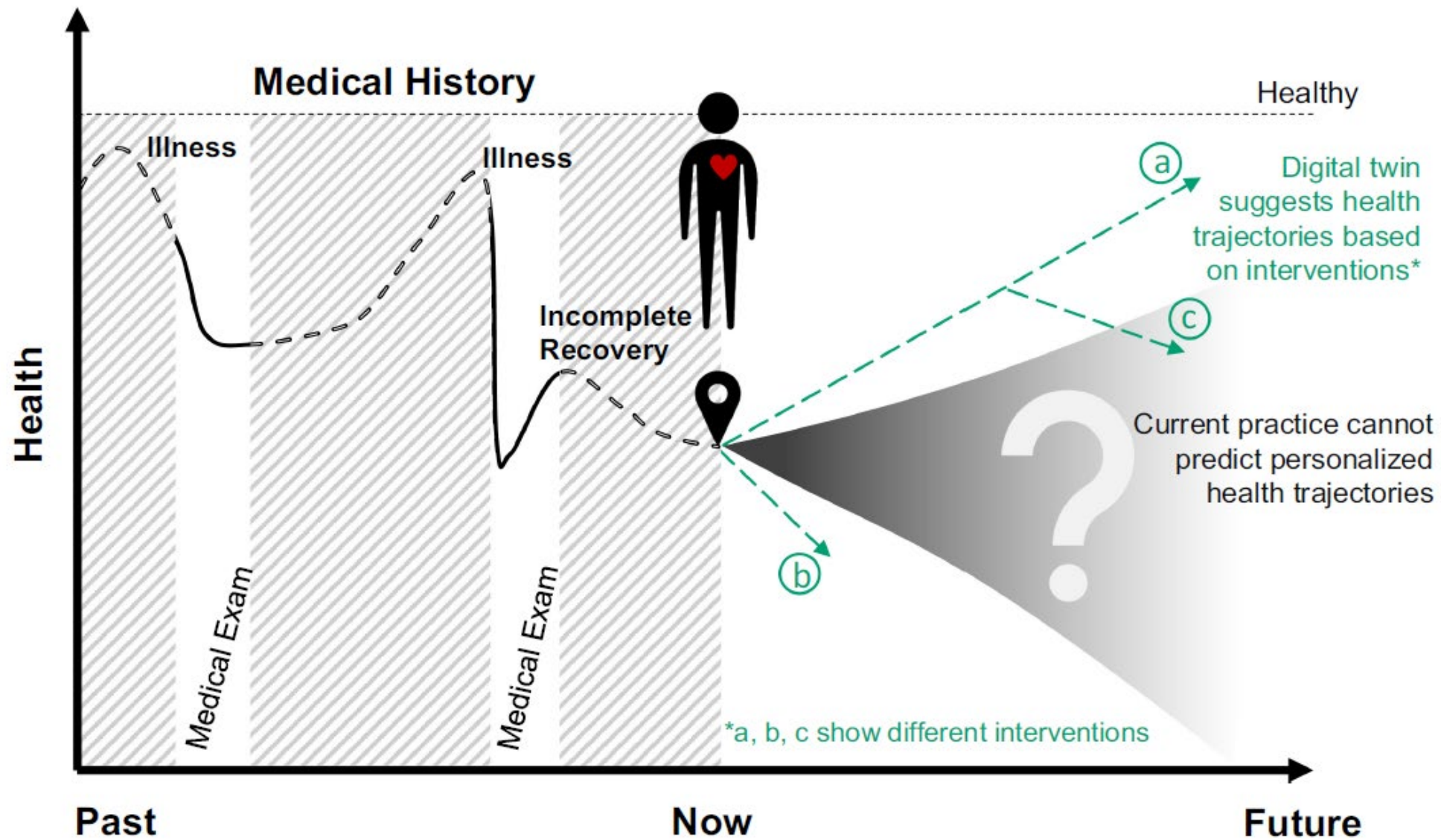


The digital twin Ms. K’s physician with a recommendation:

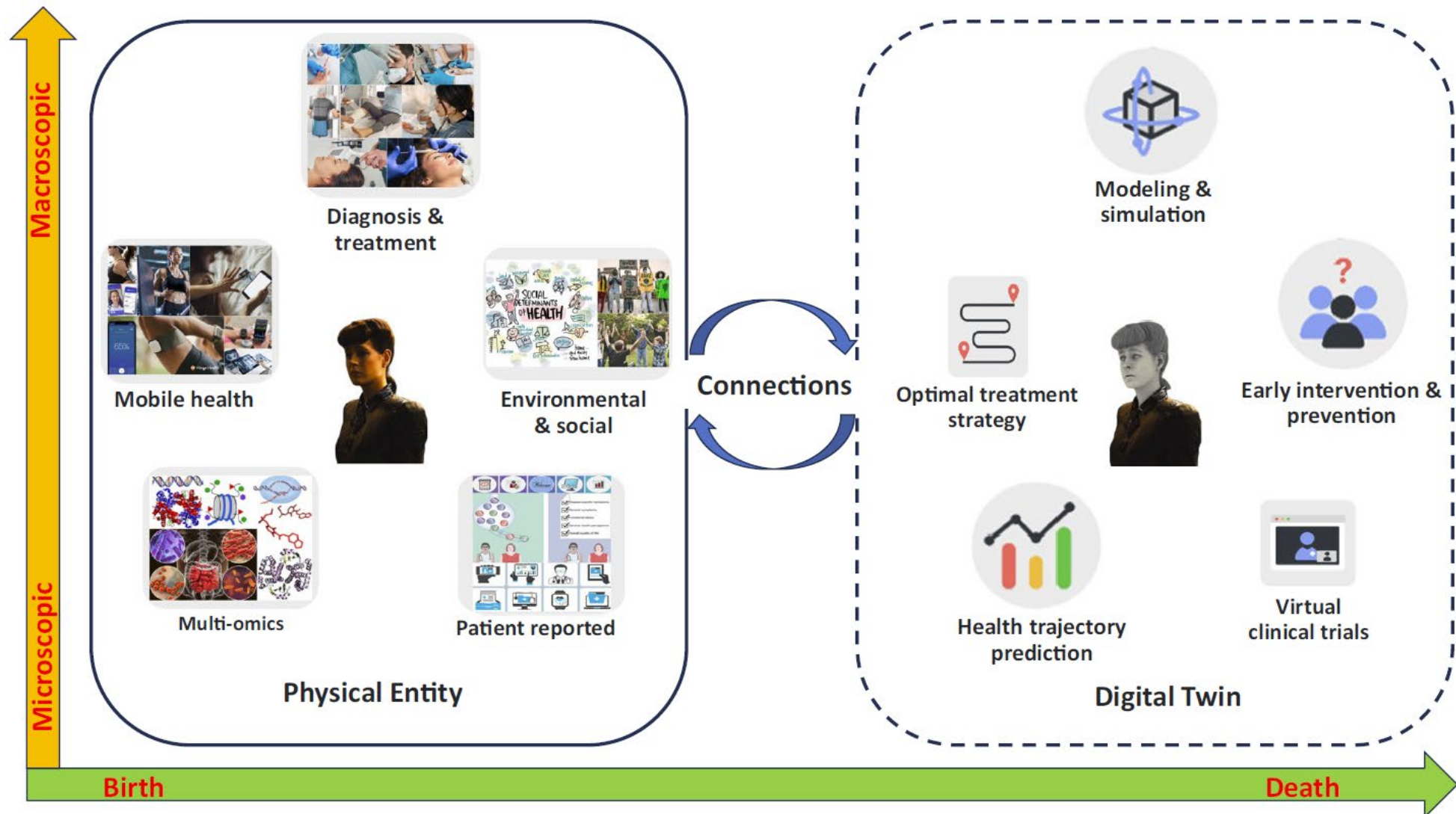
- Undergo a basic metabolic panel
- Restart HCTZ, initiate low-dose furosamide, and start an SGLT2 inhibitor and spironolactone

Ms. K’s physician then verifies the recommendation summary and contacts Ms. K with a plan. The model finally updates its training with this episode to inform future predictions.

Digital Twin: Prediction of personalized health trajectories



The Ultimate Digital Twin: Health Avatar for Life



AI in Clinical Practice: Transforming Patient Care Summary

- AI clearly has the potential to transform patient care; the AI in Medicine revolution is here
- We are applying the discoveries of the first and second epochs, but adoption of newer applications has been slower than anticipated
- As we move to more advanced AI tools, we will require higher quality, real-world data that is unbiased, interoperable and secure.
- In addition to ongoing AI discovery, we need to focus on solutions to challenges in the larger environment as well as within our institutions
- In the short term we can enable this patient care transformation by developing meaningful AI applications that achieve measurable improvements in outcomes and costs
- In the medium to long term, ongoing evolution of the Digital Twin will be the key to transforming patient care in clinical practice



Artificial Intelligence in Medicine



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